## KOREA WATER RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND FOR THE PERIOD
ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' AUDIT REPORT

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#### **Independent Auditors' Audit Report**

(Based on a report originally issued in Korean)

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Korea Water Resources Corporation:

#### Audited consolidated financial statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Korea Water Resources Corporation and its subsidiaries (the "Group"). The consolidated financial statements consist of the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2018 and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity and consolidated statements of cash flows, all expressed in Korean won, for the period ended December 31, 2018 and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The Group's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Korean government-owned and Quasigovernment Accounting Regulations and Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Independent auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards for audit of consolidated financial statements in the Republic of Korea. An audit is limited primarily to inquiries of Group personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data, and this provides less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### **Audit conclusion**

Based on our audit, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group are not presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with Korean government-owned and Quasi-government Accounting Regulations and Standards.

#### **Emphasis of matter**

We draw attention to Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. Our audit conclusion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

As described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, matters not described in Korean government-owned and Quasi-government Accounting Regulations and Standards relating to accounting are recognized in accordance with K-IFRS.

#### Other matter

The consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2017, presented for comparative purpose, were audited by Deloitte Anjin LLC whose audit report dated February 27, 2018 expressed an unqualified opinion.

February 25, 2019

Nexia Samduk

Seoul, Korea

This report is effective as of the auditors' audit report date. Accordingly, certain subsequent events or circumstances may have occurred between the auditors' audit report date and the time this report is read. Such events and circumstances could significantly affect the accompanying financial statements and may result in modifications to this report.

## KOREA WATER RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES (the "Group")

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, AND
FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

The accompanying consolidated financial statements, including all footnote disclosures, were prepared by, and are the responsibility of, the Group.

Lee, Hak Soo Chief Executive Officer Korea Water Resources Corporation.

# KOREA WATER RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
	(In thousands of Korean won)	
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 5, 6, 19 and 20)	₩264,522,916	₩160,865,887
Short-term financial instruments (Notes 19 and 20)	1,700,412	8,640,247
Short-term loans and receivables (Notes 19 and 20)	134,486,394	23,897,420
Derivative assets (Notes 7, 19 and 20)	-	2,180,359
Trade and other receivables, net (Notes 19 and 20)	766,712,676	338,920,824
Inventories	6,932,769,035	6,416,510,928
Current tax assets	56,549	50,122
Other non-financial assets	108,030,090	90,740,235
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	8,208,278,072	7,041,806,022
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Non-current profit or loss-Fair value measurement financial assets	2,387,228	-
Non-current Other comprehensive income	26,480,662	-
Non-current available-for-sale ("AFS") financial assets (Note 8)	-	23,131,909
Long-term loans and receivables (Notes 19 and 20)	16,237,327	17,762,987
Non-current derivative assets (Note 7)	65,161,316	28,672,132
Long-term trade and other receivables, net (Notes 19 and 20)	639,789,671	662,483,263
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 10 and 14)	1,713,823,552	1,592,189,869
Intangible assets other than goodwill (Notes 11, 14 and 25)	11,018,728,999	11,382,626,364
Investments in associates (Note 9)	67,292,756	75,025,579
Other non-financial assets	3,763,961	4,370,145
Deferred tax asset (Note 18)	34,814,380	39,227,137
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	13,588,479,852	13,825,489,385
TOTAL ASSETS	₩21,796,757,924	₩20,867,295,407

(Continued)

# KOREA WATER RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017		
	(In thousands of Korean won)			
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Trade and other payables (Notes 19 and 20)	₩358,038,275	₩349,176,236		
Short-term borrowings (Notes 12, 19 and 20)	42,805,666	5,018,749		
Current portion of long-term borrowings	46,446,021	102,918,456		
(Notes 12, 19 and 20)	10,110,021	102,710,430		
Current portion of debentures, net (Notes 12 and 19)	1,155,190,000	1,341,689,500		
Derivative liabilities (Note 7,19 and 20)	-	20,161,613		
Current tax liabilities	10,619,859	1,738,161		
Provisions	96,805,174	99,472,152		
Other non-financial liabilities	1,191,566,141	1,135,920,047		
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	2,901,471,136	3,056,094,914		
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Long-term trade and other payables (Notes 19 and 20)	-	3,950		
Long-term borrowings (Notes 12, 19 and 20)	505,036,441	342,475,031		
Debentures, net (Notes 12 and 20)	10,279,771,435	9,932,699,270		
Derivative liabilities (Notes 7, 19 and 20)	42,484,008	35,837,762		
Other non-financial liabilities	46,513,761	41,392,575		
Employee benefits (Note 13)	199,964,108	164,341,891		
Deferred tax liabilities	58,149	58,149		
Provisions (Note 24)	34,330,845	60,387,705		
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	11,108,158,747	10,577,196,333		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	14,009,629,883	13,633,291,247		
EQUITY				
Issued capital (Notes 1 and 15)	8,477,497,133	8,101,944,481		
Undisposed deficits (Note 16)	(677,322,794)	(864,040,732)		
Other equity components (Note 7)	(54,592,098)	(37,848,682)		
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT	7,745,582,241	7,200,055,067		
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	41,545,800	33,949,093		
TOTAL EQUITY	7,787,128,041	7,234,004,160		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	₩21,796,757,924	₩20,867,295,407		

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

# KOREA WATER RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018	2017
	(In thousands of	Korean won)
REVENUE (Notes 4, 17 and 22)	₩3,391,568,200	₩3,375,560,292
COST OF SALES (Note 22)	(2,745,360,887)	(2,793,723,888)
GROSS PROFIT	646,207,313	581,836,404
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(170,185,388)	(154,119,986)
OPERATING PROFIT (Note 4)	476,021,925	427,716,418
Other income	140,704,615	68,450,294
Other expenses	(20,145,814)	(42,887,498)
Other gain (loss), net	440,813	(1,889,366)
Financial income (Notes 7 and 19)	64,616,948	125,341,339
Financial costs (Notes 7 and 19)	(380,958,483)	(383,289,611)
Share of loss of equity-accounted investees, net	(7,140,614)	(1,145,493)
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE	273,539,390	192,296,083
Income tax expense (Note 18)	33,365,610	7,362,031
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	240,173,780	184,934,052
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Defined benefit plan actuarial gain (loss)	(8,210,811)	1,678,689
Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(8,210,811)	1,678,689
Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Effective portion of unrealized change in fair values of cash flow hedges (Note 7)	(3,733,384)	18,896,898
Unrealized gain on valuation of AFS financial assets	-	913
Gain in valuation of other comprehensive	(31,496)	-
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations	(18,690,433)	(37,627,557)
Increase(decrease) on equity of equity method investment	(592,209)	(10,469,571)
Total items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss (Note 7)	(23,047,522)	(29,199,317)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD, NET OF INCOME TAX	(31,258,333)	(27,520,628)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD (Continued)	₩208,915,447	₩157,413,424

# KOREA WATER RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018	2017	
	(In thousands of Korean won)		
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the Parent	₩240,448,793	₩179,248,453	
Non-controlling interests	(275,013)	5,685,599	
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	₩240,173,780	₩184,934,052	
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Parent	₩214,322,886	₩157,603,263	
Non-controlling interests	(5,407,439)	(189,839)	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	₩208,915,447	₩157,413,424	

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

### KOREA WATER RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS

### OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

	Equity attributable to owners of the Group			Non-		
	Issued capital	Undisposed deficit	Other equity components	Subtotal	controlling interests	Total equity
			(In thousands of	f Korean won)		
Balance at January 1, 2017	₩ 7,687,517,325	(₩1,044,967,874)	(₩14,524,684)	₩6,628,024,767	₩32,549,938	₩6,660,574,705
Comprehensive income for the period						
Profit for the period	-	179,248,453	-	179,248,453	5,685,599	184,934,052
Other comprehensive income		1,678,689	(23,323,879)	(21,645,190)	(5,875,438)	(27,520,628)
Total comprehensive income		100 007 140	(22 222 070)	157 (02 2(2	(100.020)	157 412 424
for the period		180,927,142	(23,323,879)	157,603,263	(189,839)	157,413,424
Transactions with owners of the Group				-		-
Increase in paid-in capital	414,427,156	-	_	414,427,156	-	414,427,156
Others			(119)	(119)	1,588,994	1,588,875
Total transactions with owners						
of the Group	414,427,156	<u> </u>	(119)	414,427,037	1,588,994	416,016,031
Balance at December 31, 2017	₩8,101,944,481	(₩864,040,732)	(₩37,848,682)	₩7,200,055,067	₩33,949,093	₩7,234,004,160
Balance at January 1, 2018	₩8,101,944,481	(₩864,040,732)	(₩37,848,682)	₩7,200,055,067	₩33,949,093	7,234,004,160
Accumulated effect of change on						
accounting policies	-	(45,520,045)	59,037	(45,461,008)	-	(45,461,008)
Comprehensive income for the period						
Profit for the period	-	240,448,794	-	240,448,794	(275,014)	240,173,780
Other comprehensive income		(8,210,811)	(17,915,096)	(26,125,907)	(5,132,426)	(31,258,333)
Total comprehensive income		222 227 002	(17.015.00()	214,322,887	(5,407,440)	208,915,447
for the period		232,237,983	(17,915,096)	214,322,007	(3,407,440)	200,713,447
Transactions with owners of the Group						
Increase in paid-in capital	375,552,652	-	-	375,552,652	14,116,790	389,669,442
Inter-company transactions			1,112,643	1,112,643	(1,112,643)	<u>-</u>
Total transactions with owners						
of the Group	375,552,652		1,112,643	376,665,295	13,004,147	389,669,442
Balance at December 31, 2018	₩8,477,497,133	(₩677,322,794)	(₩54,592,098)	₩7,745,582,241	₩41,545,800	₩7,787,128,041

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

## KOREA WATER RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018	2017
_	(In thousands of Ko	rean won)
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit for the period	₩240,173,780	₩184,934,052
Adjustments for:		
Retirement benefit	31,570,690	29,986,260
Depreciation	89,357,472	87,403,233
Amortization	529,731,167	614,237,966
No allowance for bad debt	50,866	(33,848)
Other bad debt expenses	1,047,149	508,991
Reversal of provision	(131,781,951)	-
Transfer of provision	103,058,113	97,923,850
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	(999,291)	(2,085,381)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	292,573	1,438,402
Loss on disposal on intangible assets	219,570	-
Impairment loss on intangible assets	-	2,536,346
Loss on sale of inventory	46,335	-
Interest income	(8,135,331)	(12,610,934)
Dividend income	(30,521)	(743,367)
Gain on valuation of derivatives, net	(34,547,000)	-
Gain on derivatives, net	(6,894,000)	-
Gain on foreign currency valuation, net	(74,227)	(84,655,000)
Gain on foreign exchange	(977,311)	(27,332,038)
Interest expenses	242,369,544	262,545,872
Loss on valuation of investment stocks	24,772	-
Loss on valuation of derivatives	-	84,655,000
Loss on derivative transactions	810,000	27,332,000
Loss on repayment of financial liabilities	-	3,778,767
Foreign currency translation loss	34,547,000	1,132,758
Foreign exchange loss	4,818,738	2,906,620
Gain on disposal of investments in associates	7,140,614	1,145,493
Income tax expense	33,365,610	7,362,030
Other, net	(1,328,494)	(266,500)
Changes in:		
Trade accounts receivable	(13,160,637)	(7,819,494)
Inventories	(383,227,528)	(446,778,739)
Other operating assets	(79,770,218)	(38,730,737)
Long-term trade accounts receivable	40,470,509	(14,905,823)
Trade accounts payable	(3,994,396)	4,584,089
Other operating liabilities	(12,724,678)	(324,741,491)
Payment of employee benefits	(6,769,369)	(3,806,956)
Cash generated from operating activities	674,679,550	449,901,421

(Continued)

## KOREA WATER RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018	2017
	(In thousands of	Korean won)
Dividends received	₩30,521	₩743,367
Interest received	8,166,915	9,811,054
Interest paid	(388,966,273)	(241,046,888)
Income taxes refunded (paid)	420,189	1,088,814
Net cash provided by operating activities	294,330,902	220,497,768
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of short-term financial instruments	(110,588,975)	(304,296,299)
Disposal of short-term financial instruments	-	360,004,130
Acquisition of AFS financial assets	-	(6,275,822)
Disposal of AFS financial assets	-	184,947
Increase in long-term loans	(951,184)	(47,365,219)
Decrease in long-term loans	9,416,679	36,359,122
Increase in deposits	(83,681,734)	(50,005,273)
Decrease in deposits	67,464,594	49,878,781
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(205,596,384)	(150,842,186)
Sale of property, plant and equipment	1,593,879	2,772,560
Acquisition of intangible assets	(664,196,193)	(566,778,369)
Sale of intangible assets	143,157,795	39,600,001
Acquisition of government subsidy	-	5,000,000
Collection of construction charge`	5,403,116	-
Acquisition of investment assets of associates	(4,558,000)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(842,536,407)	(631,763,627)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of long-term liquidity liabilities	(64,402,646)	(1,536,107,000)
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(5,523,641)	(12,557,000)
Repayment of debentures	(1,351,541,500)	(26,446,767)
Issue debentures	1,469,142,000	1,607,543,277
Short-term borrowings	37,786,916	5,018,749
Long-term borrowings	170,491,621	7,162,080
Cash contribution of Government and Local Government	375,552,653	414,427,155
Increase in share of non-controlling interest	14,116,790	1,588,876
Net cash provided in financing activities	645,622,193	460,629,370
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	97,416,688	49,363,511
Cash and cash equivalents at January 1	160,865,887	111,502,376
Effect of exchange rate change on foreign currency	6,240,341	_
denominated cash and cash equivalents		<u>-</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at December 31	₩264,522,916	₩160,865,887

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

### KOREA WATER RESOURCES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

#### 1. REPORTING ENTITY:

Korea Water Resources Development Corporation ("KWRDC") was incorporated in 1967 in accordance with the Korea Water Resources Development Corporation Act of the Republic of Korea.

KWRDC was reorganized as Industrial Sites & Water Resources Development Corporation on December 24, 1973, pursuant to the Act for Promotion of Industrial Site Development and had been reorganized again as Korea Water Resources Corporation (the "Parent"), pursuant to the Korea Water Resources Corporation Act (the "K-water Act") on July 1, 1988.

The Parent is engaged in the business of promoting public interests by developing and managing water resources, facilitating water supply and improving the quality of water. In addition, the Parent is involved in development projects for industrial complexes and special-purpose areas in accordance with the K-water Act.

As of December 31, 2018, issued capital of the Parent amounts to \W8,486 billion, and the present ownership of the Parent is as follows:

•	(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)		
	Share capital	Percentage of ownership	
Government of the Republic of Korea	₩7,877,921,930	92.8%	
Korea Development Bank	601,390,088	7.1%	
Local government	7,026,278	0.1%	
	₩8,486,338,296	100.0%	

Details of financial information for the consolidated subsidiaries as of and for the twelve-month period ended December 31, 2018 and as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, are as follows:

#### (i) December 31, 2018

				(Unit: I	n thousands of	Korean won)
		Percentage of		•		Net profit
Consolidated subsidiary	Location	shareholding	Assets	Liabilities	Revenue	(loss)
KDS Hydro Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	80.00%	₩497,651,199	₩355,945,244	₩16,467,991	₩1,184,200
Waterway Plus Co., Ltd.	Korea	100.00%	7,077,683	1,530,548	9,969,896	41,593
K-Water Thailand Co., Ltd.	Thailand	99.99%	6,612	1,323	-	(1,811)
JSC Nenskra Hydro	Georgia	93.01%	189,024,756	-	-	(7,832,681)
Tina Hydro Power Limited	Solomon Island	80.00%	1,918,349	1,870,227	-	(1,840,508)
K-Water operation management	Korea	100.00%	2,332,392	1,817,877	8,553,498	14,515

#### (ii) December 31, 2017

(	(Unit:	In	thousands	s of	Korean	won)

Consolidated subsidiary	Location	Percentage of shareholding	Assets	Liabilities	Revenue	Net profit (loss)
KDS Hydro Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	80.00%	₩538,714,132	₩368,958,600	₩113,310,631	₩28,429,674
Waterway Plus Co., Ltd.	Korea	100.00%	7,364,948	1,860,340	9,509,891	65,909
K-Water Thailand Co., Ltd.	Thailand	99.99%	8,058	1,269	-	2,028
JSC Nenskra Hydro	Georgia	100.00%	98,470,069	461,717	-	(5,434,944)

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION:

#### (1) Statement of compliance

The Parent and subsidiaries (the "Group") prepared consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Korean government-owned and Quasi-government Accounting Regulations and Standards.

These consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standard ("K-IFRS") No. 1034, 'Financial Reporting' as part of the period covered by the Group's K-IFRS annual consolidated financial statements. Selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in financial position and performance of the Group since the last annual consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017. These consolidated financial statements do not include all the disclosures required for full annual consolidated financial statements.

If there are no regulations other than Korean government-owned and Quasi-government Accounting Regulations and Standards, based on Article 2-5 in the aforementioned regulations, accounting standards of the Group are adopted in accordance with K-IFRSs. Material differences between K-IFRS and Korean government-owned and Quasi-government Accounting Regulations and Standards are as follows:

- (i) Government grants (Article 44: Accounting of Government Grants) Government grants used for the acquisition of certain assets are deducted from the acquisition cost of the acquired assets and such grants are offset against the depreciation expenses of the acquired assets during the useful lives of the assets. Government grants received for consignment management service provided by the Group are recognized as other income.
- (ii) Contribution to the Employee Welfare Fund (Article 49)

  The Group contributes to the employee welfare fund, and contributions are recognized as operating expenses in accordance with Employee Welfare Fund Act.
- (iii) Presentation of financial statements (Article 2)

Financial statements are prepared and accounts are created and classified in accordance with guidelines set by the Minister of Strategy and Finance.

#### (2) Use of estimates and judgments

#### (i) Management's judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with K-IFRSs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, the significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, except for the following accounting estimates and assumption from the adoption of K-IFRS 1109.

#### (a) Impairment of financial assets

The loss allowance in accordance with the K-IFRS 1109 is based on assumptions for the risk of default and the expected credit losses. The Group judges, based on past events, current market conditions and forecasts for future conditions at the reporting date, making assumptions and selecting input factors for the measuring the impairment.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Except as described below, the accounting policies applied by the Group for these consolidated financial statements are the same as those applied by the Group for its consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017.

#### (1) Change in accounting policies

The Group has applied the following amendments to standards and interpretation, with a date of initial application of January 1, 2018:

#### (i) K-IFRS 1109 – Financial Instruments

The Group has applied initially with the amendments from the other standards relating to the K-IFRS 1109 from this period with a date of initial application of January 1, 2018. K-IFRS 1109 contains new regulations for 1) the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, 2) impairments of financial assets, 3) hedging account. The Group selected the way not to restate the financial statements of the past periods on initial application of this standard. According to this, the financial statements represented respectively are not restated.

The main issues and the effects of the new regulation to the financial statements of the Group are as follows:

#### (a) Classification and measurement of financial assets

All financial assets under K-IFRS 1109 are measured as amortized cost or fair value subsequently, based on a business model for managing the financial assets and contractual cash flows.

Under the business model for the purpose of containing for collecting contractual cash flows, debt instruments with contractual cash flows consisting only of principles and the interests is measured subsequently at amortized cost (financial assets at AC).

Under the business model for the purpose of both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, debt instruments with contractual cash flows consisting only of principles and the interests is measured subsequently at fair value and recognized as other comprehensive income (financial assets at FVOCI).

Other debt instruments and equity instruments except for the above are measured subsequently at fair value and recognized through the profit the year (financial assets at FVPL).

In spite of the above mention, the Group may select and designate irrevocably the following at the initial recognition of financial assets.

By change of classification of debt instruments and equity instruments, valuation gain of available-for-sale financial assets of \(\pi\)76,343 thousand recognized as other comprehensive income reclassified subsequently in profit or loss was reclassified as retained earnings and valuation loss of available-for-sale financial assets of \(\pi\)136,587 thousand recognized as other comprehensive income reclassified subsequently in profit or loss was reclassified as retained earnings. Available-for-sale financial assets measured at amortized cost reduced retained earnings of \(\pi\)125,482 thousand through valuation at fair value.

Other reclassifications of financial assets except for the above did not affect financial position, profit for the year, other comprehensive income, and total comprehensive income.

#### (b) Impairment of financial assets

K-IFRS 1109 recognizes expected credit loss and the change for the reporting date for reflecting change of credit risk after initial recognition of financial assets according to expected credit loss model different from K-IFRS 1039. Occurrence of credit events are not necessary for recognition of credit loss.

The Group recognizes loss allowance for expected credit losses on i) debt instrument measured subsequently at amortized cost or FVOCI, ii) lease receivables, iii) contract assets, and iv) loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts to which impairment requirements apply in accordance with K-IFRS 1109. Especially, the Group shall measure the loss allowance for financial instruments at amounts equal to the lifetime expected credit losses at each reporting date if the credit risk on that financial assets has increased significantly or credit has been impaired at the time of purchase of financial assets.

If, at the reporting date, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group shall measure the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. K-IFRS 1109 provides simplified approach measuring the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables.

The Group determined the credit risk at the initial recognition date for financial instruments in accordance with K-IFRS 1109 and recognized additional loss allowance of \(\psi 62,922\) thousand resulting from auditing and evaluating impairment of financial assets, contract assets, and financial guarantee contracts.

#### (c) Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

In accordance with K-IFRS 1109, the Group shall present a gain or loss on a financial liability that is designated as at fair value through profit or loss if the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability shall be presented in other comprehensive income and the remaining amount of change in the fair value of the liability shall be presented in profit or loss.

#### (d) Hedge accounting

New hedge accounting model keeps three hedge accounting type. But K-IFRS 1109 has more flexibility on transaction type appropriate to hedge accounting. K-IFRS 1109 has not affected significantly to hedge accounting for the Group.

(e) Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities in accordance with K-IFRS 1109 and 1039 at the initial application date of January 1, 2018 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)
Impairment

				under	
	K-IFRS 1039	K-IFRS 1109	K-IFRS 1039	K-IFRS 1109	K-IFRS 1109
Cash and cash equivalent	Loan and receivables	Financial assets at AC	₩160,865,887	₩-	₩160,865,887
Loan	Loan and receivables	Financial assets at FVPL	26,403,233	-	26,403,233
Short-term financial assets	Financial assets at FVPL	Financial assets at FVPL	23,897,420	-	23,897,420
Trade and other receivables	Loan and receivables	Financial assets at AC	1,001,404,087	(83,010)	1,001,321,077
Derivative instrument assets	Derivatives hedging- instrument-designated	Derivatives hedging- instrument-designated	30,852,491	-	30,852,491
Non-listed stock	Financial asset for AFS	Financial assets at FVPL	17,380,105	(165,543)	17,214,561
Non-fisted stock	Financial asset for AFS	Financial assets at FVOCI	5,751,805	-	5,751,805
Trade and other payables	Financial liabilities at AC	Financial liabilities at AC	348,867,779	-	348,867,779
Borrowing and debenture	Financial liabilities at AC	Financial liabilities at AC	11,724,801,006	-	11,724,801,006
Derivative liabilities	Derivatives hedging- instrument-designated	Derivatives hedging- instrument-designated	55,999,375		55,999,375

#### (ii) K-IFRS 1115 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The core principle under K-IFRS 1115 is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The amendments introduce a five-step approach to revenue recognition and measurement: 1) Identify the contract with a customer, 2) Identify the performance obligations in the contract, 3) Determine the transaction price, 4) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract and 5) Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. This standard will supersede K-IFRS 1011 - Construction Contracts, K-IFRS 1018 - Revenue, K-IFRS 2113 - Customer Loyalty Programs, K-IFRS 2115 - Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, K-IFRS 2118 - Transfers of Assets from Customers and K-IFRS 2031 - Revenue-Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

#### (iii) K-IFRS 1102 – Share-based Payment (amendment)

K-IFRS 1102 has main issues 1) that accounting treatments for effect of vesting condition and non-vesting condition when a cash-settled share-based payment transaction is measured at fair value mus be the same as equity-settled share-based payment transaction, 2) share-based payment transaction without a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligation shall be classified in its entirety as an equity-settled share-based payment transaction if it would have been so classified, and 3) if the terms and conditions of a cash-settled share-based payment transaction are modified with the result that it becomes an equity-settled share-based payment transaction, the liability for the cash-settled share-based payment transaction date is derecognized on that date and any difference between the carrying amount of the liability derecognized and the amount of equity recognized on the modification date is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

#### (iv) K-IFRS 1040 – Investment Property (amendment)

In accordance with the amendments, the Group shall transfer a property to investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use. A change in use occurs when the property meets the definition of investment property and there is evidence of the change in use. Examples of evidence of a change in use except for the examples listed in K-IFRS 1040 may exist and also there may be change in use for a property in construction.

#### (v) K-IFRS 2122 - Foreign Currency Transaction and Advance Consideration (new)

The amendments to K-IFRS 2122 clarify that the date of the transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income is the date on which an entity pays or receives advance consideration.

#### (vi) Annual Improvements to K-IFRS 2014-2016 Cycle

The annual improvements include amendments to a number of K-IFRSs. In regard to K-IFRS 1028 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, the amendments clarify that the election to measure an investment in an associate at fair value is held by an entity that is a venture capital organization (or other qualifying entity) and available for each investment in an associate or a joint venture on an investment-by-investment basis. In addition, the annual improvements include amendments to K-IFRS 1101 - First-time Adoption of Korean International Financial Reporting Standards.

The effects on the financial statements as at the initial application date in accordance with standards and interpretation newly applied since this period are as follows:

> (Unit: In thousands of Korean won) Impairment under

	K-IFRS 1039	K-IFRS 1109	K-IFRS 1109
Current assets	₩7,041,806,022	₩350,670,831	₩7,392,476,853
Non-current assets	13,825,489,384	(382,673,420)	13,442,815,964
Total assets	₩20,867,295,407	(₩32,002,589)	₩20,835,292,817
Current liabilities	3,056,094,914	13,457,211	3,069,552,126
Non-current liabilities	10,577,196,333	-	10,577,196,333
Total liabilities	₩13,633,291,247	₩13,457,211	₩13,646,748,458
Total equity	₩7,234,004,160	(₩45,459,801)	₩7,188,544,359

The effects on each account in equity as at the initial application date in accordance with the change in accounting policies above are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	Issued capital	Undisposed deficit	Other equity components	Non-controlling Interests	Total
At December 31, 2017 Initial application of K-IFRS 1109	₩8,101,944,481	(₩864,040,732)	(₩37,848,682)	₩33,949,093	₩7,234,004,160
Effect of reclassification	-	(225,787)	60,244	-	(165,543)
Effect of impairment	-	(83,010)	-	-	(83,010)
Effect of income tax	-	60,150	-	-	60,150
Subtotal	₩-	(₩248,647)	₩60,244	₩-	(₩188,403)
Initial application of K-IFRS 1115					
Effect of significant	-	(59,724,799)	-	-	(59,724,799)
Effect of income tax		14,453,401	_		14,453,401
Subtotal	₩-	(₩45,271,398)	₩-	₩-	(₩45,271,398)
At January 1, 2018 (Initial application date)	₩8,101,944,481	(₩909,560,777)	(₩37,788,438)	₩33,949,093	₩7,188,544,359

#### (2) New or revised K-IFRSs issued, but not yet effective are as follows:

#### K-IFRS 1116 – Lease

This standard provides both to lessees and lessors with comprehensive model for identifying lease commitment and treating accounting. This standard replaces current regulation relating to lease including the K-IFRS 1017 and the related interpretation and the Group shall apply this standard from the fiscal year beginning at January 1, 2019.

In accordance with K-IFRS 1116, the Group shall assess whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

And it was deleted the regulation that lessees must classify lease into finance lease or operating lease and instead of that, lessees shall recognize right-of-use assets and their lease liabilities for all leases except for the short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

At the commencement date, a lessee shall measure the right-of-use asset at cost and after the commencement date, to apply a cost model, a lessee shall measure the right-of-use asset at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasure of the lease liability. At the commencement date, a lessee shall measure the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. After the commencement date, a lessee shall measure the lease liability by adjusting the carrying amount to reflect interest, lease payments, and the lease modifications. Also, K-IFRS 1017 presented the operating lease payment as cash flows in operating activities but in accordance with K-IFRS 1116, a lessee shall classify cash payments for the principal portion of the lease liability within financing activities and cash payments for the interest portion of the lease liability within operating activities.

In contrast to a lessee, in accordance with K-IFRS 1116, a lessor complies most regulations of accounting for the lessor under K-IFRS 1017 and a lessor must classify each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

If the Group applies this standard, it recognized the right-of-use assets and the related liabilities for all leases except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The requirements of this standard relating to the right-of-use assets and the related liabilities are expected to affect significantly on the financial statements. Otherwise, it is not expected that finance leases of a lessee and leases of a lessor (finance leases and operating leases) affect significantly on the financial statements.

#### 4. **SEGMENT INFORMATION:**

The Group is not required to disclose operating segment information. The Group instead has elected to present certain financial information for its six business units, as described below.

Business segments	Main goods and services
Multiregional waterworks	Operational management of multiregional waterworks
business	
Multipurpose dams operation	Operational management of multipurpose dams
business	
Site development business	Sales and rent of land
Construction business	Construction of tangible assets (waterworks, dams, etc.)
Local waterworks and sewage	Operation and management of local waterworks and sewage
treatment business	treatment
Other businesses	Foreign business, aggregate business, consignment business,
	Kyung-in canal operation business, Four River Restoration
	operation business and renewable energy business

(1) The following table provides information of operations for each operating segment for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017:

#### (i) December 31, 2018

			(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)			
		Interbusiness unit		Operating	Depreciation and	
	Total revenue	revenue	External revenue	profit	amortization	
Multiregional waterworks business	₩1,142,324,992	₩-	₩1,142,324,992	₩135,094,423	₩437,103,676	
Multipurpose dams operation business	544,110,586	2,578,674	541,531,912	158,221,886	126,921,192	
Site development business	572,863,589	-	572,863,589	220,240,443	1,846,884	
Construction business	570,060,384	-	570,060,384	(9,259,823)	130,615	
Local waterworks and						
sewage treatment business	184,914,316	-	184,914,316	(2,348,247)	3,383,412	
Other businesses	396,830,773	16,957,766	379,873,007	(25,926,757)	72,923,421	
Total	₩3,411,104,640	₩19,536,440	₩3,391,568,200	₩476,021,925	₩642,309,200	

#### (ii) December 31, 2017

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	Total revenue	Interbusiness unit revenue	External revenue	Operating profit	Depreciation and amortization
Multiregional waterworks business	₩1,116,183,838	₩-	₩1,116,183,838	₩98,600,351	₩474,451,764
Multipurpose dams operation business	468,331,165	-	468,331,165	107,062,370	127,486,179
Site development business	544,912,165	-	544,912,165	136,684,875	1,567,915
Construction business	618,247,496	-	618,247,496	-	22,727
Local waterworks and sewage treatment business	184,804,454	-	184,804,454	20,820,177	27,907,434
Other businesses	453,024,683	9,943,508	443,081,175	64,548,646	70,205,180
Total	₩3,385,503,801	₩9,943,508	₩3,375,560,293	₩427,716,419	₩701,641,199

The Group does not provide information of asset and liability for each operating segment and regional financial information because most of the businesses are done domestically.

#### 5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:

Details of cash and cash equivalents as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are as follows:

	(Unit: In thous	ands of Korean won)
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Cash on hand	₩800	₩-
Demand deposits	48,708,511	83,763,307
Cash equivalents classified as short-term investment assets	215,813,605	77,102,580
	₩264,522,916	₩160,865,887
	- )- )	

#### **6. RESTRICTED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:**

Details of cash and cash equivalents that are restricted in use as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are as follows:

	(Unit:	In thousands of	of Korean won)
		December 31,	
	Description	2018	Dec. 31, 2017
Cash and cash equivalents	Restricted in use for designated purpose (*1)	₩15,765,344	₩40,202,215

(\*1) Restricted cash and cash equivalents consist of advance payments received from customers in light of local waterworks and restricted in use only for designated purposes

#### 7. PROFIT-LOSS FAIR VALUE MAEASUREMENT FINANCIAL ASSETS:

(1) Details of profit-loss fair value measurement financial assets as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December 31, 2018		December	r 31, 2017
	Current Non-current		Current	Non-current
Profit-loss fair value measurement financial assets:				
Beneficiary securities	₩-	₩2,387,228	₩-	₩17,380,105
	₩-	₩2,387,228	₩-	₩17,380,105

(2) Details of derivative instruments as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

_	December 31, 2018		December 31, 2017	
_	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Financial derivative assets:				
Currency swap	₩-	₩14,439,857	₩2,180,359	₩-
Interest rate swap	-	50,721,459	-	28,672,132
	₩-	₩65,161,316	₩2,180,359	₩28,672,132
Financial derivative liabilities:				
Currency swap	₩-	₩27,700,721	₩20,161,613	₩24,759,399
Interest rate swap	<u>-</u>	14,783,287		11,078,363
	₩-	₩42,484,008	₩20,161,613	₩35,837,762

#### (3) Purpose

The Group entered into currency swap contracts to hedge cash flow risk associated with change in foreign exchange rate and interest rate of foreign currency debentures. Moreover, the Group entered into interest rate swap contracts to hedge cash flow risk associated with change in interest rate of Korean won-denominated debentures.

#### (4) Details of risks and the Group's strategy

Details of risks: The Group is exposed to risks of fluctuations in exchange rates of Korean won against foreign currencies and interest rate appreciation on the repayment of foreign currency-denominated debentures. Also, the Group is exposed to cash flow risk associated with change in interest rate of Korean won-denominated debentures.

Strategy: The Group entered into cross-currency interest rate swap contracts to fix the principal and interest amount in Korean won and interest rate swap contracts to fix the interest rate of Korean won-denominated debentures.

(5) Details of cross-currency swaps (cash flow hedge) as of December 31, 2018, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won, JPY and USD)

Contract

foreign exchange rate Notional amount Interest rate Payment Receipt Counterparties Contract period Payment Receipt (%)(%)**KDB**  $16.05.20 \sim 31.05.20$ USD 100,000 1.84 2.77 1.172.50 ₩117,250,000 **KDB**  $17.05.23 \sim 22.05.23$ 111,900,000 USD 100,000 2.055 2.75 1,119.00  $17.05.23 \sim 22.05.23$ USD 150,000 **KEB** 2.045 167,850,000 2.75 1,119.00 KΒ  $17.05.23 \sim 22.05.23$ 111,900,000 USD 100,000 2.05 1,119.00 2.75 **KEB**  $18.05.15 \sim 23.05.15$ 323,700,000 USD 300,000 2.15 3.875 1,079.00  $18.09.20 \sim 23.09.20$ **NOMURA** 225,442,000 CHF 200,000 1.97 0.15 1,127.21

(6) Details of interest rate swaps (cash flow hedge) as of December 31, 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

			•	Interest rate
Counterparties	Contract period	Notional amount	Payment (%)	Receipt(%)
Standard Chartered	10.07.16 ~ 20.07.16	50,000,000	4.97	Pegged with IRS Index
Standard Chartered	$10.08.09 \sim 20.08.09$	40,000,000	4.86	Pegged with IRS Index
BNP-PARIBAS	$10.08.09 \sim 20.08.09$	30,000,000	4.86	Pegged with IRS Index
BNP-PARIBAS	$10.08.09 \sim 20.08.09$	30,000,000	4.86	Pegged with IRS Index
BNP-PARIBAS	10.11.23 ~ 20.11.23	20,000,000	4.56	Pegged with BPSTAR(*1) Index
NOMURA	$14.08.20 \sim 29.08.20$	50,000,000	3.109	4.07
NOMURA	$14.09.04 \sim 29.09.04$	50,000,000	3.073	4.06
BNP-PARIBAS	$14.09.15 \sim 29.09.15$	100,000,000	3.1	4.06
NOMURA	$16.01.26 \sim 36.01.26$	30,000,000	2.038	2.91
Societe Generale	$17.03.09 \sim 22.06.09$	30,000,000	2.11	CD+0.24
NOMURA	$17.11.09 \sim 37.11.09$	50,000,000	2.555	2.86
KEB	$18.03.16 \sim 23.03.16$	200,000,000	2.64	CD+0.33
KEB	$18.06.22 \sim 43.06.22$	100,000,000	2.571	2.94
KDB	$18.09.19 \sim 43.09.19$	60,000,000	2.289	2.57
KEB	$18.12.18 \sim 43.12.18$	30,000,000	1.99	2.37

- (\*1) BNP Paribas Index ("BPSTAR")
- (\*2) Certificate of Deposit ("CD")
- (7) Valuation and transaction gains (losses) of derivative instruments for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

					Changes	in other
	Valuation	gain (loss)	Transaction	gain (loss)	comprehensive	incomes (*1)
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Cash flow hedge	₩34,547,000	(₩84,655,000)	₩6,084,000	(₩27,332,000)	(₩3,733,384)	₩18,896,898

(\*1) Valuation gain of derivatives of \\ 11,294,433 thousand in other comprehensive income in financial position as of December 31, 2018 is deducted with tax effect directly deducted from equity.

#### 8. Trade and other receivables:

(1) Details of trade and other receivables as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

#### (i) December 31, 2018

			(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)			
	Receivables	Bad debt allowances	Present value discount	Book value		
Current assets						
Trade receivables	₩242,632,313	(₩331,760)	₩-	₩242,300,553		
Unclaimed construction	366,046,748	-	-	366,046,748		
Other receivables	165,912,209	(7,546,834)	<u>-</u>	158,365,375		
Subtotal	774,591,270	(7,878,594)	-	766,712,676		
Non-current assets						
Trade receivables	455,228,150	_	(7,665)	455,220,485		
Other receivables	184,622,498	-	-	184,622,498		
Subtotal	639,850,648	-	(7,665)	639,842,983		
Total	₩1,414,441,918	(₩7,878,594)	(₩7,665)	₩1,406,555,659		

#### (ii) December 31, 2017

			(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)		
		Bad debt	Present value		
	Receivables	allowances	discount	Book value	
Current assets					
Trade receivables	₩228,667,514	(₩195,234)	₩-	₩228,472,280	
Unclaimed construction	-	-	-	-	
Other receivables	117,443,952	(6,995,408)	<u>-</u>	110,448,544	
Subtotal	346,111,466	(7,190,642)	-	338,920,824	
Non-current assets	-	-	-	-	
Trade receivables	496,392,360	-	(33,731)	496,358,630	
Other receivables	166,124,633	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	166,124,633	
Subtotal	662,516,993	-	(33,731)	662,483,263	
Total	₩1,008,628,459	(₩7,190,642)	(₩33,731)	₩1,001,404,087	

#### (2) Details of other receivables as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2018			Dec. 31, 2017			
	Receivables	Bad debt allowances	Book value	Receivables	Bad debt allowances	Book value	
Current assets Other receivables Accrual revenue	₩119,082,785 46,572,627	(\#7,546,834) -	₩111,535,951 46,572,627	₩82,605,908 34,690,566	(₩6,995,408) -	₩75,610,500 34,690,566	
Deposits	256,796	-	256,796	147,478	-	147,478	
Subtotal	165,912,208	(7,546,834)	158,365,374	117,443,952	(6,995,408)	110,448,544	
Non-current assets							
Deposits	184,622,498	<u> </u>	184,622,498	166,124,633		166,124,633	
	₩350,534,706	(₩7,546,834)	₩342,987,872	₩283,568,585	(₩6,995,408)	₩276,573,177	

#### (2) Credit risk and allowances

The trade and other receivables above are categorized as amortized cost measurement financial assets. Trade receivables do not contain interest factor and ordinary collection period is 30 days.

① Details of aging analysis on trade receivables as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Normal receivables	₩677,904,079	₩707,739,522
Receivables overdue but not impaired	16,663,237	16,922,384
- More than 12 months	12,842,781	8,989,830
- 12 months $\sim$ 24 months	2,333,888	2,541,374
- 6 months $\sim 12$ months	1,431,099	4,529,669
- 3 months $\sim$ 6 months	14,587	850,853
- 1 months $\sim$ 3 months	40,882	10,659
Impaired receivables	3,293,148	397,968
- More than 24 months	275,801	78,659
- 12 months $\sim$ 24 months	49,143	174,249
- 6 months ~12 months	1,973,255	94,964
- 3 months ~6 months	943,391	13,999
- 1 months ~3 months	51,558	36,097
Subtotal	697,860,464	725,059,874
Less: bad debt allowance	(331,760)	(195,234)
Less: present value discount	(7,665)	(33,731)
Total	₩697,521,039	₩724,830,909

② Details of aging analysis on other receivables as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
Normal receivables	₩658,394,590	₩242,013,935	
Receivables overdue but not impaired	46,382,256	33,083,032	
- More than 12 months	1,520,786	11,072	
- 12 months $\sim$ 24 months	18,867,478	10,626,424	
- 6 months $\sim 12$ months	10,894,139	11,618,832	
- 3 months $\sim$ 6 months	4,839,656	6,871,884	
- 1 months $\sim$ 3 months	10,260,196	3,954,820	
Impaired receivables	11,804,609	8,471,618	
- More than 24 months	6,657,388	6,438,384	
- 12 months $\sim$ 24 months	2,011,051	648,998	
- 6 months ~12 months	2,538,211	267,690	
- 3 months $\sim$ 6 months	439,037	1,078,960	
- 1 months $\sim$ 3 months	158,921	37,586	
Subtotal	716,581,455	283,568,585	
Subtraction: bad debt allowance	(7,546,834)	(6,995,408)	
Total	₩709,034,621	₩276,573,177	

(\*) Other receivables contain contract assets (unclaimed construction).

(3) Details of changes in bad debt allowance of trade and other receivables in 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

<u>-</u>	December :	31, 2018	December 31, 2017		
	Trade receivables	Other receivables	Trade receivables	Other receivables	
Beginning balance	₩195,234	₩6,995,408	₩253,683	₩6,572,684	
IFRS Adjustment (beginning)	136,826	(53,816)	-	-	
Bad debt expenses	50,866	1,047,149	-	508,991	
Reversal	-	-	(33,848)	-	
Deletion of trade and other receivables	(51,165)	(441,907)	(24,601)	(86,267)	
Ending balance	₩331,761	₩7,546,834	₩195,234	₩6,995,408	

#### 9. Fair value financial assets recognized other comprehensive income-:

(1) Details of changes in fair value financial assets recognized other comprehensive income (unlisted stocks) are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	Beginning				
	balance	Acquisitions	Disposals	Assessment	Ending balance
Unlisted equity securities	₩5,751,805	₩20,772,301	₩-	(₩43,443)	₩26,480,663

(2) Details of unlisted stocks as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	Ownership	Stocks	Acquisition cost	Fair value	Dec 31, 2018 Book value	Dec 31, 2017 Book value
•						
Korea						
construction	18.90%	178,200	₩4,000,000	₩4,000,000	₩4,000,000	₩4,000,000
management	10.5070	170,200	W 4,000,000	***+,000,000	***+,000,000	** +,000,000
corporation						
Korea foreign						
infra/urban						
development	11.00%	-	20,772,301	20,727,924	20,727,924	-
resources						
corporation						
P-waters,	2.00%	36,144	180,720	180,720	180,720	180,720
Limited	2.0070	30,144	100,720	100,720	100,720	100,720
Luzon clean	2.80%	67,500,000	1,468,822	1,468,822	1,468,822	1,468,822
water	2.0070	07,200,000	1,100,022	1,100,022	1,100,022	1,100,022
Specialized						
Construction	0.01%	113	101,989	103,196	103,196	102,262
mutual aid						
Total	-	-	₩26,523,832	₩26,480,662	₩26,480,662	₩5,751,804

(\*) Share ratio 11.0% of Korea foreign infra/urban development resources (KIND) was acquired newly.

#### 10. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS:

(1) Details of changes in AFS financial assets as of December 31, 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	Beginning				
	balance	Acquisitions	Disposals	Assessment	Ending balance
Unlisted equity securities	₩17,040,121	₩6,275,822	(₩184,947)	₩913	₩23,131,909

(2) Details of unlisted stocks as of December 31, 2017 are as follows:

			(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)		
			Dec31, 2017	Dec31, 2017	Dec 31, 2017
<u> </u>	Ownership	Stocks	Acquisition cost	Fair value	Book value
Korea construction					
management	18.90%	178,200	₩-	₩4,000,000	₩4,000,000
corporation					
Korea foreign					
infra/urban					
development	8.93%	-	17,459,282	17,380,105	17,380,105
resources					
corporation					
P-waters, Limited	2.00%	36,144	180,720	180,720	180,720
Luzon clean water	2.80%	67,500,000	1,468,822	1,468,822	1,468,822
Specialized					
Construction	0.01%	113	102,262	102,262	102,262
mutual aid					
	Total		₩19,209,879	₩23,131,909	₩23,131,909

<sup>(\*1)</sup> AFS financial assets that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost.

#### 11. Short-term financial instruments

Details of short-term financial instruments as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

	(Cint. in	mousands of Rolean won,
	Dec 31,2018	Dec 31,2017
	Current	Current
Specific money trust	₩134,486,394	₩23,897,420

#### 12. Other financial assets

Other financial assets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December	31, 2018	December 31, 2017		
	Current Non-current		Current	Non-current	
Employee loan	₩-	₩8,609,583	₩-	₩9,824,472	
Other loan	1,700,412	7,627,744	8,640,246	7,938,515	
	₩1,700,412	₩16,237,327	₩8,640,246	₩17,762,987	

#### 13. Inventories

Details of inventories as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December	31, 2018	December 31, 2017		
	Acquisition	Acquisition			
	cost	Book value	cost	Book value	
Raw materials	₩3,357,834	₩3,357,834	₩3,727,340	₩3,727,340	
Product	6,921,120,487	6,921,120,487	6,404,515,538	6,404,515,538	
Store	8,167,065	8,167,065	8,135,069	8,135,069	
Other stock	123,649	123,649	132,981	132,981	
	₩6,932,769,035	₩6,932,769,035	₩6,416,510,928	₩6,416,510,928	

#### 14. Non-Financial Assets

Details of non-financial assets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

	December	31, 2018	December 31, 2017		
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current	
Prepayment	₩-	₩-	₩76,734,054	₩-	
Accrual assets	24,370,294	-	14,006,182	-	
Others	<u>-</u>	3,763,960		4,370,145	
	₩24,370,294	₩3,763,960	₩90,740,236	₩4,370,145	

#### **15. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES:**

(1) Details of associates as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

				December 31,	, 2018		December 31, 2	2017
Associates companies	Principal activity	Country of incorporation	Owner -ship (%)	Acquisition cost	Book value	Owner-ship (%)	Acquisition cost	Book value
KWPP Holdings Co.	Angat Dam hydropower project in Philippines	Philippines	38.50	₩268	₩9,434	38.50	₩268	₩9,465
Angat Hydropower Co. (*1)	Angat Dam hydropower project in Philippines	Philippines	40.00	100,845,106	67,283,322	40.00	100,845,106	75,016,114
				₩100,845,374	₩69,629,261		₩100,845,374	₩75,025,579

- (\*1) After the Group acquired share 99.99% (₩22,302,766 thousand) of Angat Hydropower Co. in 2014, it was classified into a subsidiary but after its share 59.99% (₩45,236,869 thousand) was disposed (gain on disposal of investment in subsidiary of ₩31,855,209 thousand) in 2014, it was classified into an associate.
- (2) Changes in investment in associates for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:
  - i. December 31, 2018

(Unit: In thousands	of Korean won)
---------------------	----------------

	Net book value at January 1, 2018	Acquisitions	Equity gain (loss) in associates, net	Unrealized loss on valuation of equity method investments	Net book value at December 31, 2018
KWPP Holdings Co.	₩9,465	₩-	₩167	(₩198)	₩9,434
Angat Hydropower Co.	75,016,114 ₩75,025,579	₩-	$\frac{(7,140,781)}{(\$7,140,614)}$	(592,011) (¥592,209)	67,283,322 \#67,292,756

#### ii. December 31, 2017

	Net book value		Equity gain	Unrealized loss on	Net book value
	at January 1,		(loss) in	valuation of equity	at December
	2017	Acquisitions	associates, net	method investments	31, 2017
KWPP Holdings Co.	₩17,026	₩-	(₩6,404)	(₩1,157)	₩9,465
Angat Hydropower Co.	86,619,501		(1,139,089)	(10,464,299)	75,016,113
	₩86,636,527	₩-	(₩1,145,493)	(₩10,465,456)	₩75,025,578

- (3) Details of financial information in associates for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:
  - (i) December 31, 2018

(1) 2000111100101, 2010				
			(Unit: In thousand	ds of Korean won)
<u> </u>	Assets	Liabilities	Revenue	Net profit(loss)
KWPP Holdings Co.	₩593,181	₩568,543	₩29,708	₩433
Angat Hydropower Co.	445,920,248	277,546,699	32,907,342	(17,869,489)
(ii) December 31, 2017				
			(Unit: In thousand	ds of Korean won)
<del>-</del>	Assets	Liabilities	Revenue	Net profit(loss)
KWPP Holdings Co.	₩553,465	₩528,650	₩32,573	(₩16,650)
Angat Hydropower Co.	465,095,383	277,370,864	49,058,362	(2,850,520)

#### 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:

(1) Details of property, plant and equipment as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are as follows:

#### (i) December 31, 2018

			(Unit: In thousand	s of Korean won)
		Government	Accumulated	
	Acquisition cost	Grant	depreciation	Net book value
Land	₩249,805,084	₩-	₩-	₩249,805,084
Buildings	548,428,547	(5,315,130)	(208,664,390)	334,449,027
Structures	466,941,233	-	(141,127,182)	325,814,051
Machinery and equipment	1,071,274,804	-	(574,236,414)	497,038,390
Ships	13,994,046	-	(10,186,062)	3,807,984
Vehicles	15,659,612	-	(9,851,352)	5,808,260
Furniture and fixtures	79,467,367	-	(53,562,401)	25,904,966
Tools	84,312,596	-	(70,330,277)	13,982,319
Construction in progress	257,213,473	-	-	257,213,473
	₩2 787 096 762	(₩5 315 130)	(₩1 067 958 078)	₩1 713 823 554

#### (ii) December 31, 2017

		(	Unit: In thousand	s of Korean won)
	A aquigition cost	Government	Accumulated	Net book value
	Acquisition cost	grant	depreciation	Net book value
Land	₩184,398,914	₩-	₩-	₩184,398,914
Buildings	489,781,121	(5,786,451)	(191,874,013)	292,120,657
Structures	413,808,428	-	(126,459,526)	287,348,902
Machinery and equipment	1,049,772,577	-	(536,650,827)	513,121,750
Ships	13,830,312	-	(9,838,329)	3,991,983
Vehicles	14,906,151	-	(8,808,225)	6,097,926
Furniture and fixtures	67,046,089	-	(46,354,759)	20,691,330
Tools	79,808,199	-	(67,590,587)	12,217,612
Construction in progress	272,200,795	-	-	272,200,795
	₩2,585,552,586	(₩5,786,451)	(₩987,576,266)	₩1,592,189,869

(2) Changes in property, plant and equipment for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

#### (i) December 31, 2018

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

							,
	Net book value at						Net book value at December 31,
	January 1, 2018	Acquisitions (*1)	Disposals	Depreciations	Transfers	Others (*2)	2018
Land	₩184,398,914	₩11,157,616	(₩1,907)	₩-	₩54,170,629	₩79,832	₩249,805,084
Buildings	297,907,109	34,359	(306,383)	(17,340,124)	59,507,809	(38,613)	339,764,157
Government grants	(5,786,451)	-	-	471,321	-	-	(5,315,130)
Structures	287,348,901	-	(1)	(14,719,969)	53,190,718	(5,600)	325,814,049
Machinery and equipment	513,121,750	-	(1,012,840)	(42,690,317)	27,595,151	24,646	497,038,390
Ships	3,991,983	-	(906)	(755,833)	572,740	-	3,807,984
Vehicles	6,097,926	1,646,305	(19,981)	(1,924,849)	-	8,859	5,808,260
Furniture and fixtures	20,691,330	13,085,829	(4,200)	(7,863,902)	8,243	(12,334)	25,904,966
Tools	12,217,612	-	(1,159)	(4,428,678)	6,181,297	13,247	13,982,319
Construction in progress	272,200,795	200,864,154	(15,053,764)		(201,226,588)	428,875	257,213,472
	₩1,592,189,869	₩226,788,263	(₩16,401,141)	(₩89,252,351)	₩-	₩498,913	₩1,713,823,552

(\*1) Others include  $\uppi 172,336$  thousand transferred from intangible assets.

#### (ii) December 31, 2017

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	Net book value at January 1, 2017	Acquisitions	Disposals	Depreciations	Transfers	Others (*1)	Net book value at December 31, 2017
Land	₩182,608,107	₩1,791,992	(₩1,184)	₩-	₩-	₩-	₩184,398,915
Buildings	296,196,911	3,579,476	(1,229,193)	(16,177,400)	15,537,314	-	297,907,108
Government grants	(827,286)	-	-	40,835	-	(5,000,000)	(5,786,451)
Structures	300,653,089	10,681	(58,662)	(14,035,754)	779,548	-	287,348,902
Machinery and equipment	481,551,957	31,097	(812,149)	(43,840,134)	30,039,822	46,151,156	513,121,749
Ships	3,430,195	2,100	(15,407)	(771,452)	1,346,547	-	3,991,983
Vehicles	4,305,897	3,424,317	(46)	(1,627,424)	7,245	(12,063)	6,097,926
Furniture and fixtures	16,377,629	10,725,791	(1,451)	(6,455,013)	45,856	(1,483)	20,691,329
Tools	11,163,608	3,014	(7,489)	(4,536,891)	5,595,370	-	12,217,612
Construction in progress	195,272,012	131,332,611	-	-	(53,351,702)	(1,052,125)	272,200,796
	₩1,490,732,119	₩150,901,079	(₩2,125,581)	(₩87,403,233)	₩-	₩40,085,485	₩1,592,189,869

(\*1) Others include  $\mathbb{W}46,151,099$  thousand transferred from intangible assets.

#### **17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS:**

(1) Details of intangible assets other than goodwill as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are as follows:

#### (i) December 31, 2018

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	Acquisition cost	Contributions toward construction	Government grants	Accumulated amortization and impairment	Impairment	Net book value
Software	₩148,091,556	₩-	₩-	(\\96,382,672)	₩-	₩51,708,885
Industrial proprietary rights	449,094	-	-	(382,724)	-	66,370
Intangible assets under development	3,346,072,736	-	(6,334,196)	-	(1,168,853,889)	2,170,884,651
Concession assets usage rights	16,456,895,445	(4,403,786)	(16,376,591)	(8,632,869,226)	(16,022,902)	7,787,222,940
Other intangible assets	6,278,677,575	-	-	-	(5,269,831,422)	1,008,846,153
C	₩26,230,186,406	(₩4,403,786)	(₩22,710,787)	(₩8,729,634,622)	(₩6,454,708,213)	₩11,018,728,999

#### (ii) December 31, 2017

	Acquisition cost	Contributions toward construction	Government grants	Accumulated amortization and impairment	Impairment	Net book value
Software	₩130,553,984	₩-	₩-	(₩91,660,130)	₩-	₩38,893,855
Industrial proprietary rights	449,094	-	-	(359,800)	-	89,294
Intangible assets under development	2,980,918,042	-	(6,334,196)	-	(1,168,853,889)	1,805,729,958
Concession assets usage rights	16,675,020,674	(4,889,628)	(41,035,237)	(8,082,733,765)	(16,022,902)	8,530,339,142
Other intangible assets	6,277,408,428			(2,891)	(5,269,831,422)	1,007,574,115
	₩26,064,350,222	(₩4,889,628)	(₩47,369,433)	(₩8,174,756,586)	(₩6,454,708,213)	₩11,382,626,364

(2) Changes in intangible assets for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

#### (i) December 31, 2018

#### (Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	Net book value at January 1, 2018	Additions	Disposals	Amortizations	Impairment loss	Transfers	Others (*1)	at December 31,
Software	₩38,893,855	₩16,006,581	(₩15)	(₩4,722,522)	₩-	₩-	₩1,530,986	₩51,708,885
Industrial proprietary rights	89,294	-	-	(22,924)	-	-	-	66,370
Intangible assets under development	1,812,064,154	668,227,387	-	-	-	(259,245,569)	(43,827,125)	2,177,218,847
(Government grants)	(6,334,196)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,334,196)
Concession assets usage rights	8,571,374,379	529,998,495	(581,660,283)	(550,135,462)	-	259,245,569	(425,709,010)	7,803,113,688
(Government grants)	(41,035,237)	-	-	1,829,941	-	-	23,314,548	(15,890,748)
Other intangible assets	1,007,574,115	1,578,784	(304,813)	(5,881)	-	-	3,948	1,008,846,153
	₩11,382,626,364	₩1,215,811,247	(₩581,965,111)	(₩553,056,848)	₩-	₩-	(₩444,686,653)	₩11,018,728,999

(\*1) Others include \#172,336 thousand transferred to tangible assets from intangible assets in development.

#### (ii) December 31, 2017

	Net book value at				Impairment			Net book value at December 31,
	January 1, 2017	Additions	Disposals	Amortizations	loss (*1)	Transfers	Others (*2)	2017
Software	₩19,266,029	₩22,158,618	(₩1)	(₩3,531,110)	₩-	₩-	₩1,000,319	₩38,893,855
Industrial proprietary rights	116,307	- -	-	(27,013)	-	-	-	89,294
Intangible assets under development	1,641,154,459	563,692,728	-	-	(2,536,346)	(344,147,366)	(46,099,322)	1,812,064,153
(Government grants)	(6,334,196)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,334,196)
Concession assets usage rights	8,881,051,224	8,200	(39,600,000)	(614,232,411)	-	344,147,366	-	8,571,374,379
(Government grants)	(44,590,329)	-	-	3,555,092	-	-	-	(41,035,237)
Other intangible assets	1,007,490,928	85,709	_	(2,523)	_	_	2	1,007,574,116
	₩11,498,154,422	₩585,945,255	(₩39,600,001)	(₩614,237,965)	(₩2,536,346)	₩-	(₩45,099,001)	₩11,382,626,364

- (\*1) The difference of ₩2,536,346 thousand between recoverable amount of other intangible asset and the carrying amount is recognized as impairment loss.
- (\*2) Others included ₩46,151,099 thousand transferred to tangible assets from intangible assets in development.

# (3) Significant individual intangible assets as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are detailed as follows:

# (i) December 31, 2018

	(U	nit: In thousands of Korean won)
	Description	Amount
Software	Development expense, other intangible assets and construction in progress for data processing	w51,708,885
Industrial proprietary rights	Copyright, patents and industrial proprietary rights	66,370
Intangible assets under development	Water facilities under construction	2,170,884,651
Concession assets	Management right of water facilities in capital area	6,433,543,797
usage rights	Usage rights of water dams, usage rights of hydrogen dam concession assets usage rights and management right aggregate complex	
Other intangible assets	Waterfront business rights	1,000,000,000
	Membership	8,846,153

### (ii) December 31, 2017

	•	(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)
	Description	Amount
Software	Development expense, other intangible assets and construction in progress for data processing	₩38,893,855
Industrial proprietary rights	Copyright, patents and industrial proprietary rights	89,294
Intangible assets under development	Water facilities under construction	1,805,729,958
Concession assets	Management right of water facilities in capital area	7,629,551,458
usage rights	Usage rights of water dams, usage rights of hydrogen dams, concession assets usage rights and	900,787,684
	management right of aggregate complex	
Other intangible assets	Waterfront business front	1,000,000,000
-	Membership	7,574,115

### 18. Contract asset and contract liability

As mentioned in note 2, Accounting Standard No. 1115 'Revenue occurring in contract with customers' is applied from the beginning of 2018. The effect of this change of accounting policy to the financial statements is mentioned in note 2.

(1) Contract assets and contract liabilities recognized by the Company are as follows:

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Contract asset – Unclaimed construction	₩366,046,748	₩350,753,841
Contract liabilities – extra-invoiced construction	60,290,392	13,457,211

# 19. Trade and other payables

Details of trade and other payables as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December 31, 2018		December 31, 2017	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Trade payables	₩16,911,777	₩-	₩20,906,173	₩-
Other payables	199,631,508	-	205,003,317	-
Accrued expenses	137,713,592	-	120,262,658	-
Dividend payables	312,406	-	312,406	-
Others	3,468,992	-	2,691,682	3,950
	₩358 038 275	₩-	₩349 176 236	₩3 950

# **20. BORROWINGS AND DEBENTURES:**

(1) Details of borrowings and debentures as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are as follows: (Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Current:		
Short-term borrowings	₩42,805,666	₩5,018,749
Current portion of long-term borrowings	46,446,021	102,918,456
Current portion of debentures	1,155,190,000	1,341,689,500
•	₩1,244,441,687	₩1,449,626,705
Non-current:		
Long-term borrowings	₩506,362,555	₩344,324,609
Less: Present value of discount on long-term borrowings	(1,326,115)	(1,849,578)
Debentures	10,286,318,000	9,937,819,000
Less: Present value of discount on debentures	(6,546,565)	(5,119,730)
	₩10,784,807,875	₩10,275,174,301
_	₩12,029,249,562	₩11,724,801,006

- (2) Repayment schedule of borrowings and debenture are as follows:
- ① December 31, 2018

_	Borrowings	Debenture	Total
In 1 year	₩89,251,687	₩1,155,190,000	₩1,244,441,687
1~5 years	219,774,000	4,914,508,000	5,134,282,000
After 5 year	286,588,555	5,371,810,000	5,658,398,555
- -	₩595,614,242	₩11,441,508,000	₩12,037,122,242
② December 31, 20	17		
_	Borrowings	Debenture	Total
In 1 year	₩107,937,205	₩1,341,689,500	₩1,449,626,705
1~5 years	139,335,403	4,780,679,000	4,920,014,403
After 5 year	204,989,206	5,157,140,000	5,362,129,206
- -	₩452,261,814	₩11,279,508,500	₩11,731,770,314

(3) Details of short-term borrowings as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

Financial institutions	Interest rate	Maturity	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
DAEWOO ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.	Libor+1%	2018	₩42,805,666	₩5,018,749

(4) Details of long-term borrowings as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, are as follows:

TOHOV	v 5.				
			(Un	it: In thousands	of Korean won)
			`	December 31.	December 31,
	Financial institutions	Interest rate	Maturity	2018	2017
Long-term borrowings	Korea Development Bank Korea	Floating interest rate	2023	₩42,179,600	₩74,194,000
denominated in Korean won	Workers' Compensation & Welfare Service	Floating interest rate	2020	200,000,000	-
Korean won	Global Infra Fund	Floating interest rate	2018	-	32,388,246
Long-term borrowings					
denominated in foreign	Islamic Development Bank	Libor(6M)+4.75%	2024	310,628,977	340,660,819
currencies					
Total				₩552,808,577	₩447,243,065
Less: Difference	from present value of long-terr	n borrowings		(1,326,115)	(1,849,578)
	tion of long-term borrowings	(46,446,021)	(102,918,456)		
Net of long-term	borrowings			₩505,036,441	₩342,475,031

# (5) Details of debentures as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won, JPY and USD)

			Dec. 31	1, 2018	Dec. 31	1, 2017
Series	Interest rate	Maturity	Foreign currency	Korean won	Foreign currency	Korean won
101 - 2414	5.400/	01/14/2020-		W10 270 000 000		W10 200 000 000
101st–241th	5.49%, etc.	12/21/2047		₩10,370,000,000		₩10,300,000,000
Land		01/07/2017				
compensation	2.60%, etc.	01/07/2017—		5,689,000		33,592,000
(15-01–17-12)	ŕ	12/31/2020	2,002,000			
Euro-JPY bonds	2.00%	01/10/2018			JPY 15,000,000	142,366,500
E UCD bl-	2.000/ -4-	23/05/2022 -	LICD 750 000	929 575 000	LICD 750 000	902 550 000
Euro-USD bonds	2.00%, etc.	20/05/2031	USD 750,000	838,575,000	USD 750,000	803,550,000
CHE 1	2.000/	23/05/2022 -	CHE 200 000	227 244 000		
CHF bonds	2.00%, etc.	20/05/2031	CHF 200,000	227,244,000	-	
				₩11,441,508,000		₩11,279,508,500
Less: Present value	discount			(6,546,565)		(5,119,730)
Less: Current porti	on			(1,155,190,000)		(1,341,689,500)
				₩10,279,771,435		₩9,932,699,270

# 21. Other financial liabilities

Details of other financial liabilities as of December 31, and 2017 are as follows:

	December 31, 2018		December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Derivatives	₩-	₩42,484,008	₩20,161,613	₩35,837,762

### **22. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS:**

### (1) Defined contribution retirement benefit plan

The Group sponsors defined contribution plan for certain qualified employees. The plan assets are managed independently from the Group's assets by the plan administrator. If employees leave before they meet the requirements to be qualified for the defined contribution plan, the Group's contribution payable is reduced by the amount of the contribution lost.

Profit or loss recognized by defined contribution retirement plan in 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Cost of good sells	₩12,178,930	₩11,905,681
Selling and administrative expenses (Retirement benefit)	1,656,821	4,993,589
Other	767,649	470,894
	₩14.603.400	₩17.370.164

### (2) Defined benefit retirement benefit plan

(i) Actuarial assumptions as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are as follows:

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
	- 4007	- 4-0/
Discount rate	2.40%	2.47%
Expected rate on plan assets	2.40%	2.47%
Future salary increase rate	3.98%	4.97%

(ii) Details of expenses recognized in profit or loss for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

		December 31, 2017
Current service costs	₩27,423,840	₩26,187,464
Interest on obligation	4,533,457	4,028,510
Interest on plan assets	(275,228)	(229,714)
	₩31,682,069	₩29,986,260

The amounts recognized in employee expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of comprehensive income are as follows:

	(		
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
Cost of sales	₩25,287,716	₩20,504,408	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	4,119,462	3,782,587	
Others	2,274,891	5,699,265	
_	₩31,682,069	₩29,986,260	

(iii) Present value of defined benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	(		
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
Present value of defined benefit obligations	₩213,079,957	₩177,153,192	
Fair value of plan assets	(13,115,849)	(12,811,300)	
Recognized as defined benefit liabilities	₩199,964,108	₩164,341,892	

(iv) Movements in present value of defined benefit obligations for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)			
December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017		
₩177,153,192	₩152,344,059		
27,423,839	26,187,464		
4,533,457	4,028,510		
10,793,299	(2,236,133)		
(6,823,830)	(3,170,708)		
₩213,079,957	₩177,153,192		
	December 31, 2018  #177,153,192 27,423,839 4,533,457 10,793,299 (6,823,830)		

(v) Movements in plan assets for the twelve-month periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

	(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)		
_	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
Beginning balance	₩12,811,300	₩11,966,842	
Operating commissions	(32,517)	(33,173)	
Interest on plan assets	275,228	229,714	
Actuarial loss	(38,906)	(21,504)	
Contributions by employer directly to plan assets	257,584	1,151,734	
Benefit paid by the plan	(156,840)	(482,313)	
Ending balance	₩13,115,849	₩12,811,300	

(vi) Accumulated actuarial loss recorded in other comprehensive income as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, is as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017

Accumulated actuarial loss (\rightarrow 12,847,923) (\rightarrow 4,637,112)

(vii) Main categories of the plan assets as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)
Fair value of plan assets

December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017

₩13,115,849 ₩12,811,300

Financial deposits and others

For the twelve-month period ended December 31, 2018, the actual return on plan assets is \\\\\\236,322\) thousand.

### 23. Provisions

(1) Provisions as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December	31, 2018	December 31, 2017		
	Acquisition		Acquisition		
	cost	Book value	cost	Book value	
Current provision for employment	₩88,064,261	₩-	₩86,679,602	₩-	
Provision for lawsuit	-	34,330,845	-	37,641,847	
Provision for recovery	-	-	-	22,745,859	
Provision for greenhouse gas	3,747,484	-	1,498,816	-	
Other current provision	4,993,429	-	11,293,735	-	
	₩96,805,174	₩34,330,845	₩99,472,153	₩60,387,706	

(2) Changes in provisions as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

### ① December 31, 2018

	Beginning	Transfer	Use	reversal	Ending
Current provision for employment	₩86,679,602	₩85,162,325	(₩83,777,666)	₩-	₩88,064,261
Provision for lawsuit	37,641,847	2,392,583	(5,703,584)	-	34,330,845
Provision for recovery	22,745,859	17,463,824	(40,209,683)	-	-
Provision for greenhouse gas	1,498,816	3,747,484	(1,498,816)	-	3,747,484
Other current provision	11,293,735	3,816,845	(13,497,067)	3,379,916	4,993,429
	₩159,859,859	₩112,583,061	(₩144,686,816)	₩3,379,916	₩131,136,019

# ② December 31, 2017

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	Beginning	Transfer Use		reversal	Ending	
Current provision for employment	₩81,340,357	₩76,265,041	(₩70,925,797)	₩-	₩86,679,602	
Provision for lawsuit	44,703,748	16,690,932	(23,752,833)	-	37,641,847	
Provision for recovery	25,023,275	3,496,081	(5,773,498)	-	22,745,859	
Provision for greenhouse gas	27,020	1,471,796	-	-	1,498,816	
Other current provision	35,097,000	<u>-</u>	(23,803,265)		11,293,735	
	₩186,191,400	₩97,923,850	(₩124,255,393)	₩-	₩159,859,859	

# **24.** GOVERNMENT GRANTS:

# (1) Details of government grants as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are as follows:

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Buildings	(₩5,315,130)	(₩5,786,451)
Intangible assets under development	(6,334,196)	(6,334,196)
Concession assets usage rights	(16,376,591)	(41,035,237)
	(₩28,025,917)	(₩53,155,884)

# (2) Details of government grants related to assets for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

# (i) December 31, 2018

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

							Book value at
	Book value at			Offset of			December
	January 1, 2018	Received	Acquisitions	depreciation	Profit	Others	31, 2018
Buildings	(₩5,786,451)	₩-	₩-	₩471,321	₩-	₩-	(₩5,315,130)
Intangible assets under development	(6,334,196)	-	-	-	-	-	(₩6,334,196)
Concession assets usage rights	(41,035,237)	-	-	1,344,098	-	23,314,548	(₩16,376,591)
2 3	(₩53,155,884)	₩-	₩-	₩1,815,419	₩-	₩23,314,548	(₩28,025,917)

# (ii) December 31, 2017

							Book value at
	Book value at			Offset of			December
	January 1, 2017	Received	Acquisitions	depreciation	Profit	Others	31, 2017
Buildings	(₩827,286)	(₩5,000,000)	₩-	₩40,835	₩-	₩-	(₩5,786,451)
Intangible assets under development	(6,334,196)	-	-	-	-	-	(₩6,334,196)
Concession assets usage rights	(44,590,329)	-	-	3,555,092	-	-	(₩41,035,237)
<i>6 6</i>	(₩51,751,811)	(₩5,000,000)	₩-	₩3,595,927	₩-	₩-	(₩53,155,884)

### 25. Construction charges

(1) Change in construction charge revenue in 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

(Circ. in the abands of from wor		
2018	2017	
₩281,930	₩266,500	
485,843	485,843	
₩767,773	₩752,343	
	2018 ₩281,930 485,843	

(2) Changes in deferred revenue relating to construction charge in 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	2018	2017	
Beginning	₩41,392,575	₩41,659,075	
Increment	5,403,116	-	
Deletion	(281,930)	(266,500)	
Ending	₩46,513,761	₩41,392,575	

(3) Changes in construction charge recognized as subtraction of assets are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)
2018

₩4,889,628

(485,843)

(485,843)

(485,843)

₩4,403,785

# 26. Non-financial liabilities

Beginning

Deletion

Ending

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

₩4,889,628

	December 31, 2018		December	31, 2017
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Advance payment	₩1,116,491,357	₩-	₩1,105,089,646	₩-
Accrued revenue	200,601	-	193,710	-
Withholdings	14,583,792	-	21,951,071	-
Long-term deferred construction charge revenue	60,290,392	-	-	-
Extra invoiced construction	-	46,513,761	-	41,392,575
Other non-financial liabilities		-	8,685,620	
Total	₩1,191,566,142	₩46,513,761	₩1,135,920,047	₩41,392,575

### 27. ISSUED CAPITAL:

(1) Details of issued capital as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are as follows:

(i) December 31, 2018

,		(Unit: In thous	sands of Korean won)
	Government	Others	Total
Share capital	₩7,877,921,930	₩608,416,367	₩8,486,338,296
(ii) December 31, 2017			
		(Unit: In thous	sands of Korean won)
	Government	Others	Total
Share capital	₩7,500,557,930	₩608,416,367	₩8,108,974,296

(2) Details of discount on shares issued as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
Discount on shares issued	₩8,841,163	₩7,029,816	

### **28. UNDISPOSED DEFICITS:**

(1) Details of undisposed deficits as of December 31, 3018 and December 31, 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Legal reserve (*1)	₩-	
Other legal reserves(*1)	-	-
Undisposed deficits	(722,140,291)	(917,017,301)
	(₩722,140,291)	(₩917,017,301)

(\*1) In accordance with the K-water Act, an amount equal to at least 20% of net income in each fiscal year is required to be appropriated as a legal reserve until the reserve equals 50% of share capital. The legal reserve may not be utilized for cash dividends, but may only be used to offset a deficit, if any, or may be transferred to share capital.

(2) Changes in undisposed deficits for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

	(Unit: In thousands of Korean wo		
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
	(7770.1 = 0.1 = 0.1)	(7774 000 777 007)	
Beginning balance	(₩917,017,301)	(₩1,080,255,882)	
Profit for the period	248,607,867	161,559,892	
Actuarial gain (loss)	(8,210,811)	1,678,689	
Others	(45,520,045)	-	
Ending balance	(₩722,140,290)	(₩917,017,301)	

(3) Dividends paid for period ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December 3	December 31, 2018		1, 2017
	Investment	Dividend	Investment	Dividend
Investment	₩8,486,338,296	₩-	₩8,108,974,296	₩-

(4) Changes in actuarial loss for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Beginning balance	(₩41,785,055)	(₩43,463,744)
Changes for the period	(10,832,205)	2,214,629
Tax effect	2,621,394	(535,940)
Ending balance	(₩49,995,866)	(₩41,785,055)

### 29. Disposal statements of deficit

Disposal statements of deficit for 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

	2018		20:	17
	Expected date	e: 2019.02.26	Determined dat	e: 2019.02.27
I. Undisposed deficit	-	(722,140,291)	-	(917,017,301)
Undisposed deficit	(917,017,301)		(1,080,255,882)	
Net income	248,607,867		161,559,892	
Actuarial gain(loss)	(8,210,811)		1,678,689	
IFRS adjustment effect	(45,520,045)		-	
II. Disposed amount		-		-
III. Undisposed Deficit carried forward		(722,140,291)		(917,017,301)

# 30. Other equity components

Beginning Changes Tax effect Ending (1) Details of other equity factor in 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	(011101 111	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
Other equity surplus	(₩516,117)	(₩1,628,759)	
Other comprehensive accumulated income	(54,075,982)	(36,219,923)	
	(₩54,592,099)	(₩37,848,682)	

(2) Changes of other equity surplus in 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
Beginning	(₩1,628,759)	(₩1,628,640)	
Equity changes of subsidiaries	1,112,643	(119)	
Ending	(₩516,116)	(₩1,628,759)	

(3) Changes in other comprehensive income in 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

2018

Gain (loss) on FVOCI	Gain (loss) on AFC evaluation	Gain (loss) on derivatives evaluation	Equity method equity changes	Foreign business translation gain (loss)	Total
₩-	(₩59,037)	₩15,027,817	(₩12,427,654)	(₩38,761,049)	(₩36,219,923)
(42,235)	59,037	(4,925,308)	(592,209)	(13,558,007)	(19,058,723)
10,739	-	1,191,925	-	-	1,202,664
(₩31,496)	₩-	₩11,294,434	(₩13,019,863)	(₩52,319,056)	(₩54,075,982)

	2017				
	Gain (loss) on AFC evaluation	Gain (loss) on derivatives evaluation	Equity method equity changes	Foreign business translation gain (loss)	Total
Beginning	(₩59,950)	(₩3,869,081)	(₩1,958,083)	(₩7,008,931)	(₩12,896,044)
Changes	1,205	24,929,945	(10,469,571)	(31,752,119)	(17,290,540)
Tax effect	(292)	(6,033,047)	-	-	(6,033,339)
Ending	(₩59,037)	₩15,027,817	(₩12,427,654)	(₩38,761,050)	(₩36,219,923)

# **31. REVENUE:**

Details of revenue of the Group for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows: (Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

Revenue from selling product:         Held-for-sale land revenue       \$\square\$572,863,589       \$\square\$544,912,165         Water supply business revenue       1,142,324,992       1,116,183,837         Multipurpose dams business revenue       295,754,255       292,126,733         Power generation revenue       203,927,355       135,410,190         Dam management revenue       44,428,976       40,794,242         Ara waterway operation business revenue       38,939,997       100,896,577         Renewable energy revenue       78,448,826       87,332,692	7 3 90 42 7 92
Held-for-sale land revenue       \$\square\$572,863,589       \$\square\$544,912,165         Water supply business revenue       1,142,324,992       1,116,183,837         Multipurpose dams business revenue       295,754,255       292,126,733         Power generation revenue       203,927,355       135,410,190         Dam management revenue       44,428,976       40,794,242         Ara waterway operation business revenue       38,939,997       100,896,577	7 3 90 42 7 92
Water supply business revenue       1,142,324,992       1,116,183,837         Multipurpose dams business revenue       295,754,255       292,126,733         Power generation revenue       203,927,355       135,410,190         Dam management revenue       44,428,976       40,794,242         Ara waterway operation business revenue       38,939,997       100,896,577	7 3 90 42 7 92
Multipurpose dams business revenue       295,754,255       292,126,733         Power generation revenue       203,927,355       135,410,190         Dam management revenue       44,428,976       40,794,242         Ara waterway operation business revenue       38,939,997       100,896,577	3 90 12 77 92
Power generation revenue       203,927,355       135,410,190         Dam management revenue       44,428,976       40,794,242         Ara waterway operation business revenue       38,939,997       100,896,577	00 12 17 12
Dam management revenue 44,428,976 40,794,242 Ara waterway operation business revenue 38,939,997 100,896,577	2 7 2
Ara waterway operation business revenue 38,939,997 100,896,577	7
	2
Danayyahla anaroy rayanya 79 449 976 97 222 602	
	4
Certified emission reduction 4,164,965 6,726,134	<u> </u>
+2,380,852,955 $+2,324,382,570$	0
Revenue from providing service:	
Local waterworks business revenue 160,590,884 157,493,061	1
Sewage treatment business revenue 24,323,432 27,311,394	4
Four River management business revenue 25,572,727 24,663,636	6
<u>₩210,487,043</u> <del>₩209,468,091</del>	1
Revenue from construction contract:	
Water resource revenue 73,308,462 92,539,680	0
Sewage construction revenue 5,642,838 9,437,524	4
Private investment construction revenue (waterworks) 440,707,365 303,732,462	2
Private investment construction revenue 46,570,809 155,259,186 (multipurpose dams)	6
Private investment construction revenue (local) - 49,038,559	9
Private investment construction revenue (Kyung-in Canal Project)  3,830,910  8,240,085	5
<u>₩570,060,384</u> ₩618,247,496	6
Other revenue:	
Foreign business revenue $\$9,063,715$ 7,284,073	3
Aggregate business revenue - 19,564,695	5
Incidental business revenue 204,512,918 196,613,369	9
₩213,576,633 ₩223,462,137	7
₩3,374,977,015 ₩3,375,560,294	4

# 32. Selling and administrative expenses

_	2018	2017
Contribution on employment benefit fund	₩6,758,000	₩6,500,000
Salary	53,818,288	42,834,599
Retirement benefit	3,025,391	8,776,176
Employment benefit expenses	6,699,299	6,365,157
Insurance	862,218	4,395,443
Depreciation	4,781,457	4,229,981
Amortization	630,023	593,587
Bad debt expenses (reversal)	50,866	(33,848)
Service fees	14,700,612	7,946,004
Advertisement expenses	9,753,437	11,849,562
Education and training expenses	5,707,574	6,617,792
Vehicle management expenses	361,369	352,129
Publication expenses	433,314	492,015
Business expenses	127,574	157,616
Rental expenses	1,758,762	1,523,220
Communication expenses	2,333,733	2,360,340
Taxes and duties	3,257,520	2,495,935
Supplies expenses	650,932	733,372
Sewage expenses	1,676,661	1,535,394
Repair expenses	9,247,816	9,542,670
Development expenses	36,424,189	27,923,041
Transportation expenses	2,478,129	2,443,614
Clothing expenses	200,071	388,285
Investigation expenses	489,235	342,175
Promotion expenses	960,074	805,292
Sales commission	980,145	894,216
Other selling and administrative expenses	-	-
- Reward expenses	314,352	277,751
- Registration expenses	174,950	166,463
- Cooperation expenses	54,100	73,566
- Miscellaneous expenses	1,475,302	1,538,440
Total	₩170,185,393	₩154,119,987

# 33. Other revenue and expenses

# (1) Details of other revenue in 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	2018	2017
Reversal of other had debt allowance	₩3,379,916	₩-
Construction charge revenue	281,930	266,500
Rental revenue	2,386,175	2,142,666
Miscellaneous revenue		
- Compensation revenue	11,012,318	10,908,362
- Miscellaneous income	123,644,276	55,132,765
Total	₩140,704,615	₩68,450,293

# (2) Detail of other expenses in 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	2018	2017
Transfer of other provision	₩15,254,300	₩22,142,824
Other bad debt expenses	1,047,149	508,991
Contribution expenses	2,291,192	1,904,907
Miscellaneous expenses		
- Cost loss	104,885	31
- Miscellaneous loss	951,481	16,678,225
- Sale cancellation loss	258,865	318,900
- Sale return loss	237,942	1,333,621
Total	₩20,145,814	₩42,887,499

# 34. Other gain and loss

	(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)	
	2018	2017
	W000 201	W2 005 201
Gain on disposal of tangible assets	₩999,291	₩2,085,381
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	(292,573)	(1,438,402)
Loss on disposal of intangible assets	(219,570)	-
Impairment loss on intangible assets	-	(2,536,346)
Miscellaneous gain (loss)		
- Loss on disposal of inventories	(46,335)	-
Total	₩440,813	(₩1,889,367)

# 35. Financial revenue

(1) Details of financial revenue in 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	2018	2017	
Interest income	₩22,092,759	₩12,610,934	
Dividend income	31,651	743,367	
Gain on evaluation of derivatives	34,547,000	-	
Gain on transaction of derivatives	6,894,000	-	
Gain on evaluation of foreign currencies	74,227	84,655,000	
Gain on transaction of foreign currencies	977,311	27,332,038	
Total	₩64,616,948	₩125,341,339	

(2) Details of interest income in 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	2018	2017
Cash and cash equivalent	₩19,733,400	₩7,026,435
Trade and other receivables	2,359,359	5,584,499
Total	₩22,092,759	₩12,610,934

### 36. Financial cost

(1) Details of financial costs in 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

_	2018	2017
Interest expenses	₩265,595,188	₩262,545,872
Loss on evaluation of derivatives	-	84,655,000
Loss on transaction of derivatives	810,000	27,332,000
Loss on transaction of FV-PL	24,772	-
Loss on repayment of financial liabilities	-	3,778,767
Loss on evaluation of foreign currencies	109,709,786	1,132,758
Loss on transaction of foreign currencies	4,818,738	3,845,213
Total	₩380,958,484	₩383,289,610

(2) Details of interest expenses in 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	2018	2017
Trade and other payables	₩65.950	₩94,095
Long-term borrowings	30,824,301	2,936,969
Debenture	366,016,953	380,748,221
Derivatives	27,237,023	29,685,478
Subtotal	₩424,144,227	₩413,464,763
Less: capitalization of interest cost	(158,549,037)	(150,918,890)
Total	₩265,595,190	₩262,545,873

# **37. INCOME TAX EXPENSE:**

(1) The components of income tax expense for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
₩11,881,171	₩2,935,617
(1,188,440)	912,963
3,824,057	(6,569,279)
18,848,822	10,082,729
₩33,365,610	₩7,362,030
	₩11,881,171 (1,188,440) 3,824,057 18,848,822

(2) Reconciliation of effective tax rate for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, is as follows:

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Profit before income tax expense	₩273,539,390	₩192,296,083
Tax rate	24.20%	24.20%
Income tax using the Group's statutory tax rate	66,196,532	46,535,652
Adjustments:		
Effect of graduated tax rates	(547,079)	(462,000)
Current adjustments for prior periods	(1,188,440)	900,125
Non-taxable income	(475,376)	(5,164,627)
Non-deductible expenses	5,654,647	6,033,047
Others	(36,274,674)	(40,480,166)
Income tax expense	₩33,365,610	₩7,362,030
Average effective tax rate	12.20%	3.83%

# (3) Details of tax effect recognized in other comprehensive income in 2018 and 2017 are as follows: (Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	2018	2017
Amount occurred on accounts recognized in other comprehensive income		
Gain (loss) on evaluation of derivatives	₩1,191,925	(₩6,033,047)
Gain (loss) on evaluation of fair value financial assets	10,739	(292)
Actuarial gain (loss)	2,621,394	(535,940)
Total	₩3,824,058	(₩6,569,279)

# (4) Details of deferred tax assets (liabilities) as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

# ① December 31, 2018

(Unit: In thousands of Korean w	on)
---------------------------------	-----

		(0	mit: in mousands	of Korean won)
	Beginning	Amount recognized in profit or loss	Amount recognized in other comprehensive income	Ending
Depreciation	₩9,621,978	₩94,712,667	₩-	₩104,334,644
Government subsidy	11,653,724	(5,977,275)	-	5,676,449
Construction charge	1,183,290	(117,574)	-	1,065,716
Deferred revenue of construction charge	10,017,003	1,239,327	-	11,256,330
Defined benefit obligation	33,861,796	7,510,405	2,621,394	43,993,594
Pension assets	(2,938,217)	(11,365)	-	(2,949,583)
Financial assets at FV	18,892	46,056	10,739	75,687
Investment stocks	3,347,189	1,728,069	-	5,075,258
Accrued expenses of aggregate management	5,504,498	(5,504,498)	-	-
Surplus of bad debt allowances	799,671	(58,736)	-	740,935
Special depreciation	(3,045,381)	148,640	-	(2,896,741)
Construction interest on inventory	(168,314,912)	(23,296,555)	-	(191,611,467)
Ownership tax on inventory	(4,704,404)	(3,741,029)	-	(8,445,433)
Accrued revenue	(10,108)	(31,423)	-	(41,531)
Taxes and duties	(3,601)	-	-	(3,601)
Pre-depreciation allowance	(15,459,355)	(802,884)	-	(16,262,239)
Dividend payable	(5,430)	-	-	(5,430)
Acquisition tax	(37,450)	-	-	(37,450)
Provision for lawsuit	11,676,148	(2,313,617)	-	9,362,532
Payment guarantee for foreign subsidiary	116,281	39,516	-	155,796
Loss on evaluation of derivatives	(1,222,249)	-	1,191,925	(30,325)
Depreciation of marina management right	1,225,815	-	-	1,225,815
Provision of greenhouse gas	362,713	544,178	-	906,891
Foreign currency ordinary deposit	4,612	-	-	4,612
Impairment on 4 major rivers	(242,000,000)	-	-	(242,000,000)
Foreign currency adjustment asset	5,545,146	-	-	5,545,146
Common purchase tax	243,518	(11,274)	-	232,244
Acquisition tax	141,689	(7,353)	-	134,336
Unclaimed contraction (contraction assets)	-	(81,125,427)	-	(81,125,427)
Others	(13,336,308)	(1,456,323)	-	(14,792,631)
Deficit carried forward	1,708,164,058	(23,717,033)	-	1,684,447,025
Subtotal	₩1,352,410,606	(₩42,203,508)	₩3,824,058	₩1,314,031,152
Deferred income tax assets with low realizability	(1,313,241,616)	33,966,693	-	(1,279,274,923)
Deferred tax assets (liabilities)	39,168,990	(8,236,815)	3,824,058	34,756,229

# ② December 31, 2017

© December 31, 2017			(Unit: In thousand Amount	ls of Korean won)
	Beginning	Amount recognized in profit or loss	recognized in other comprehensive income	Ending
Depreciation	₩6,375,172	₩3,246,806	₩-	₩9,621,978
Government subsidy	12,523,938	(870,214)	-	11,653,724
Construction charge	1,300,864	(117,574)	-	1,183,290
Deferred revenue of construction charge	10,346,410	(329,407)	-	10,017,003
Defined benefit obligation	22,943,746	11,453,990	(535,940)	33,861,796
Pension assets	(2,895,976)	(42,241)	-	(2,938,217)
Financial assets at FV	19,184	-	(292)	18,892
Investment stocks	58,149	3,289,041	-	3,347,189
Accrued expenses of aggregate management	6,055,633	(551,135)	-	5,504,498
Surplus of bad debt allowances	769,110	30,561	-	799,671
Special depreciation	(3,221,889)	176,509	-	(3,045,381)
Construction interest on inventory	(142,396,463)	(25,918,449)	-	(168,314,912)
Ownership tax on inventory	(2,750,858)	(1,953,545)	-	(4,704,404)
Accrued revenue	(11,829)	1,721	-	(10,108)
Taxes and duties	(3,601)	-	-	(3,601)
Pre-depreciation allowance	(15,960,292)	500,936	-	(15,459,355)
Dividend payable	(5,430)	-	-	(5,430)
Acquisition tax	(37,450)	-	-	(37,450)
Provision for lawsuit	18,848,459	(7,172,310)	-	11,676,148
Payment guarantee for foreign subsidiary	107,552	8,729	-	116,281
Loss on evaluation of derivatives	1,235,247	3,575,550	(6,033,047)	(1,222,249)
Depreciation of marina management right	1,225,815	-	-	1,225,815
Provision of greenhouse gas	6,539	356,175	-	362,713
Foreign currency ordinary deposit	-	4,612	-	4,612
Impairment on 4 major rivers	(242,000,000)	-	-	(242,000,000)
Foreign currency adjustment asset	5,545,146	-	-	5,545,146
Common purchase tax	244,243	(726)	-	243,518
Acquisition tax	149,041	(7,353)	-	141,689
Other	(14,778,621)	1,442,313	-	(13,336,308)
Deficit carried forward	1,731,527,342	(23,363,284)		1,708,164,058
소 계	₩1,395,219,181	(₩36,239,295)	(₩6,569,279)	₩1,352,410,606
Deferred income tax assets with low realizability	(1,345,967,463)	32,725,847	<del></del>	(1,313,241,616)
Deferred tax assets (liabilities)	49,251,718	(3,513,448)	(6,569,279)	39,168,990

(5) Details of temporary difference no	ot recognized as deferred tax assets in 2018	and 2017 are as follows:				
	(Ur	(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)				
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017				
Temporary difference subtracted Taxable deficit	₩1,279,274,923	₩1,313,241,616				
(6) Details of deferred tax assets are a		t: In thousands of Korean won)				
-	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017				
Deferred tax assets	₩34,814,380	₩39,227,137				
Deferred tax liabilities	(58,149)	(58,149)				

# 38. Characteristic categories of expenses

(1) 2018

	Changes in inventories	Selling and administrative expense	Cost of goods sold	Total
Changes in inventory:				
Raw materials	₩369,506	₩-	₩-	₩369,506
Products	(516,604,949)	-	-	(516,604,949)
Supplies	(31,996)	-	-	(31,996)
Other inventories	36,454	-	-	36,454
Purchased amount of inventories	-	-	1,868,828,368	1,868,828,368
Salary	-	51,067,396	356,913,523	407,980,919
Retirement expenses	-	5,776,283	37,730,185	43,506,468
Employment benefit	-	6,699,299	39,292,464	45,991,763
Insurance expenses	-	862,218	852,532	1,714,749
Depreciation	-	4,781,457	83,821,760	88,603,216
Amortization	-	630,023	551,535,229	552,165,251
Bad debt expenses	-	50,866	-	50,866
Service fees	-	14,700,612	51,090,166	65,790,777
Advertisement expenses	-	9,753,437	1,102,821	10,856,258
Education and training expenses	-	5,707,574	1,158,885	6,866,459
Vehicle management expenses	-	361,369	1,957,129	2,318,497
Publication expenses	-	433,314	788,969	1,222,283
Business expenses	-	127,574	12,743	140,316
Rental expenses	-	1,758,762	3,813,666	5,572,428
Communication expenses	-	2,333,733	5,792,787	8,126,520
Taxes and duties	-	3,257,520	84,117,999	87,375,519
Supplies expenses	-	650,932	2,295,352	2,946,284
Sewage expenses	-	1,414,615	5,050,086	6,464,701
Repairment expenses	-	9,247,816	113,823,555	123,071,371
Development expenses	-	36,424,189	8,129,076	44,553,264
Transportation expenses	-	2,478,129	18,134,730	20,612,859
Clothing expenses	-	200,071	5,300	205,371
Investigation expenses	-	489,235	3,105,679	3,594,914
Promotion expenses	-	370,471	-	370,471
Sales commission	-	589,603	-	589,603
Others		10,018,894	22,238,867	32,257,761
Total	(₩516,230,985)	₩170,185,392	₩3,261,591,871	₩2,915,546,271

(2) 2017

	Changes in inventories	Selling and administrative expense	Cost of goods sold	Total
Changes in inventory:				
Raw materials	(₩735,260)	₩-	₩-	(₩735,260)
Products	(577,850,728)	-	-	(577,850,728)
Purchased amount of inventories	-	-	1,960,343,250	1,960,343,250
Salary	-	42,834,599	349,941,166	392,775,765
Retirement expenses	-	8,776,176	35,545,162	44,321,338
Employment benefit	-	6,365,157	39,038,040	45,403,197
Insurance expenses	-	4,395,443	1,121,475	5,516,918
Depreciation	-	4,229,981	82,676,180	86,906,161
Amortization	-	593,587	613,361,362	613,954,949
Bad debt expenses	-	(33,848)	-	(33,848)
Service fees	-	7,946,004	49,834,974	57,780,978
Advertisement expenses	-	11,849,562	1,040,920	12,890,482
Education and training expenses	-	6,617,792	1,058,162	7,675,954
Vehicle management expenses	-	352,129	2,043,479	2,395,608
Publication expenses	-	492,015	686,715	1,178,729
Business expenses	-	157,616	16,562	174,178
Rental expenses	-	1,523,220	3,387,926	4,911,146
Communication expenses	-	2,360,340	5,647,383	8,007,723
Taxes and duties	-	2,495,935	75,889,993	78,385,928
Supplies expenses	-	733,372	2,015,555	2,748,928
Sewage expenses	-	1,535,394	3,510,705	5,046,098
Repairment expenses	-	9,542,670	104,212,493	113,755,163
Development expenses	-	27,923,041	7,280,825	35,203,866
Transportation expenses	-	2,443,614	17,172,893	19,616,507
Clothing expenses	-	388,285	5,489	393,773
Investigation expenses	-	342,175	2,914,886	3,257,061
Promotion expenses	-	805,292	-	805,292
Sales commission	-	894,216	-	894,216
Others	-	8,556,220	13,564,282	22,120,502
합 계	(₩578,585,988)	₩154,119,987	₩3,372,309,877	₩2,947,843,874

# 39. CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

(1) Financial assets and liabilities by categories as of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, are detailed as follows:

### (i) December 31, 2018

Financial assets measured at	Financial assets at	(Unit: In thousar Derivative hedging instrument	nds of Korean won)
amortized cost	FVOCI	designated	Total
₩264,522,916	₩-	₩-	₩264,522,916
1,700,412	-		1,700,412
134,486,394	-	-	134,486,394
766,712,676	-	-	766,712,676
₩1,167,422,398	₩-	₩-	₩1,167,422,398
	assets measured at amortized cost  #264,522,916 1,700,412 134,486,394 766,712,676	assets Financial assets at amortized cost FVOCI  #264,522,916 #- 1,700,412 - 134,486,394 - 766,712,676 -	Financial assets Financial measured at assets at amortized cost FVOCI hedging instrument designated  ₩264,522,916 ₩-  ₩- 1,700,412 134,486,394 766,712,676

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

Non-current financial assets	Financial assets measured at amortized cost	Financial assets at FVOCI	Financial assets at FVPL	Derivative hedging instrument designated	Total
Derivative instrument assets	₩-	₩-	₩-	₩65,161,316	₩65,161,316
Profit or loss-fair value measurement financial assets	-	-	2,387,228	-	2,387,228
Other comprehensive income-fair value measurement financial assets	-	26,480,662	-	-	26,480,662
Long-term loan	16,237,327	-	-	-	16,237,327
Trade and other receivables	639,789,671	-	-		639,789,671
Total	₩656,026,998	₩26,480,662	₩2,387,228	₩65,161,316	₩750,056,204

Current financial liabilities	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Total
Short-term borrowings	₩42,805,666	₩42,805,666
Current portion of long-term borrowings	46,446,021	46,446,021
Current portion of debentures	1,155,190,000	1,155,190,000
Trade and other payables	357,725,869	357,725,869
Total	₩1,602,167,556	₩1,602,167,556

Non-current financial liabilities Long-term borrowings	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Derivative instrument		Total ₩505,036,441
Debentures Derivative instrument	10,279,771,435		33,087,219	10,279,771,435 33,087,219
liabilities Total	₩10,784,807,876		₩33,087,219	¥10,817,895,095
(ii) December 31, 2017  Current financial assets	Financial assets at FVTPL	(Un Loans and receivables	nit: In thousands of Derivative hedging instrument designated	<u> </u>
Cash and cash equivalents Short-term loans Short-term financial assets Trade and other receivables Derivative instrument assets Total	₩- 23,897,420 - - - - - - 23,897,420	₩160,865,887 8,640,246 - 338,920,824 - ₩508,426,957	2,180,359 ₩2,180,359	₩160,865,887 8,640,246 23,897,420 338,920,824 2,180,359 ₩534,504,736
Non-current financial assets	Loans and receivables	(Ur AFS financial assets	nit: In thousands of Derivative hedging instrument designated	of Korean won)  Total
AFS assets Loans and receivables Derivative instrument assets Trade and other receivables Total	₩- 17,762,987 - <u>₩17,762,987</u> 662,483,263	₩23,131,909 - - ₩23,131,909	₩- - 28,672,132 ₩28,672,132	₩23,131,909 17,762,987 28,672,132 ₩69,567,028 662,483,263

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

Current financial liabilities	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Derivative hedging instrument designated	Total
Short-term borrowings	₩5,018,749	₩-	₩5,018,749
Current portion of long-term borrowings	102,918,456	-	102,918,456
Current portion of debentures	1,341,689,500	-	1,341,689,500
Derivative instrument liabilities	· · · · -	20,161,613	20,161,613
Trade and other payables	348,863,829	<u>-</u>	348,863,829
Total	₩1,798,490,534	₩20,161,613	₩1,818,652,147

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

Non-current financial liabilities	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Derivative hedging instrument designated	Total
Long-term borrowings	₩342,475,031	₩-	₩342,475,031
Debentures	9,932,699,270	-	9,932,699,270
Derivative instrument liabilities	-	35,837,762	35,837,762
Trade and other payables	3,950		3,950
Total	₩10,275,178,251	₩35,837,762	₩10,311,016,013

(2) Financial income and costs by categories for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

	December 31,	December 31,
	2018	2017
Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents):		
Interest income	₩22,092,759	₩12,610,934
AFS financial assets:		
Dividend income	31,651	743,367
Derivative hedging instrument designated:		
Loss on transaction of derivative instruments, net	6,084,000	(27,332,000)
Gain (loss) on valuation of derivative instruments, net	34,547,000	(84,655,000)
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost:		
Interest expense	(265,595,188)	(262,545,872)
Loss on repayment of financial liabilities	-	(3,778,767)
Gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions, net	(3,841,426)	23,486,825
Gain (loss) on foreign currency translation, net	(109,635,559)	83,522,242
	(₩316,316,763)	(₩257,948,271)

### **40. RISK MANAGEMENT:**

#### (1) Capital risk management

The fundamental goal of capital management is to maintain the Group's going-concern ability and to maximize shareholders' value by means of minimizing capital finance cost. The Group's management audits the Group's capital structure periodically and maintains optimal capital structure by borrowings, capital increase and so forth.

As of DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017, the Group defines net debt and equity as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

_	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Net debt:		
Debts (borrowings and debentures)	₩12,029,249,563	₩11,724,801,006
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(264,522,916)	(160,865,887)
	11,764,726,647	11,563,935,119
Equity _	7,787,128,041	7,234,004,160
Total net debt and equity	₩19,551,854,688	₩18,797,939,279
Adjusted debt ratio	60.17%	61.52%

#### (2) Financial risk management

### (i) Goal of financial risk management

The board of directors is responsible for preparing overall systems for financial risk management and supervising financial risk management. The board of directors established Risk Management Committee to develop the strategy for financial risk management and supervise financial risk management. The committee audits the compliance of the risk management policy and procedure periodically and reports the results to the board of directors.

The Group's policies for financial risk management are prepared to recognize and analyze the Group's financial risk, establish the Group's risk threshold and control and manage the Group's financial risk to be not more than the risk threshold. The Group's risk management systems and policies are audited periodically to reflect the market environments and the Group's underlying operations. The Group makes employees understand their own roles and responsibilities and structures control environments by training employees and outlining financial risk management standards and procedures.

# (ii) Credit risk management

### (a) Exposure to credit risk

The Carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by depositing cash and cash equivalents in financial institutions that have a high credit rate. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

_	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	
AFS financial assets	₩-	₩23,131,909	
Profit or loss-Fair value measurement	2 227 220		
financial assets	2,387,228	-	
Other comprehensive income -Fair value	26 490 662		
measurement financial assets	26,480,662	-	
Loans and receivables	1,424,447,752	1,027,841,051	
Cash and cash equivalent	264,522,916	160,865,887	
Short-term financial instruments	134,486,394	23,897,420	
Derivative assets used for hedging	65,161,316	30,852,491	
Financial guarantee contracts (*)	180,720	180,720	
_	₩1,917,666,988	₩1,266,769,478	

<sup>(\*)</sup> The above amounts are maximum amounts that the Group should pay in case the principal debtors make claims.

# (iii) Liquidity risk management

# (a) December 31, 2018

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as of December 31, 2018, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	6 months or less	6–12 months
		Cubil Ite We	01 1000	
Trade and other payables	₩357,725,869	₩357,725,869	₩357,725,869	₩-
Debentures	11,434,961,435	8,792,413,064	488,617,525	1,035,591,525
Borrowings	594,288,128	618,892,339	57,281,160	38,515,915
Derivative financial liabilities	42,484,008	42,484,008		
used for hedging	42,464,006	42,464,006		
	₩12,429,459,440	₩9,811,515,280	₩903,624,554	₩1,074,107,440

	(Ollit. III thousands of Korean		
			More than
	1 year–2 years	2–5 years	5 years
Trade and other payables	₩-	₩-	₩-
Debentures	1,343,643,373	4,761,401,523	1,163,159,118
Borrowings	19,102,420	216,578,012	287,414,833
Derivative financial liabilities used for hedging	4,249,900	19,937,487	18,296,621
	₩1,366,995,693	₩4,997,917,022	₩1,468,870,572

#### (b) December 31, 2017

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as of December 31, 2017, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	6 months or less	6–12 months
Trade and other payables	₩348,867,779	₩348,867,779	₩348,863,829	₩-
Debentures	11,274,388,770	13,537,636,151	1,099,465,795	611,693,295
Borrowings	450,412,237	453,687,565	16,941,075	92,863,881
Derivative liabilities used for hedging	55,999,375	55,999,375		20,161,613
	₩12,129,668,161	₩14,396,190,870	₩1,465,270,699	₩724,718,789

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

More than 2-5 years 5 years Trade and other payables ₩3,950 ₩-₩-1,489,833,849 4,281,069,167 6,055,574,045 Debentures 23,147,961 16,766,926 303,967,722 Borrowings Derivative liabilities used for hedging 27,992,874 7,844,888 ₩1,512,985,760 ₩4,325,828,967 ₩6,367,386,655

#### (iv) Currency risk

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows based on notional amounts:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December 31, 2018		December 31, 2017		
	USD	CHF	USD	JPY	
Borrowings	353,434,642	-	345,679,569	-	
Debentures	838,575,000	227,244,000	803,550,000	142,366,500	

As of December 31, 2018, the Group entered into currency swap contracts to hedge foreign currency risk, and the currency swap was designated as a hedging instrument for a hedge of foreign currency risk related to liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. Currency swap was designed to offset fluctuation of foreign currency-denominated liabilities; therefore, assuming all other variables are consistent, there might be no effect on income before taxes resulting from fluctuation in foreign exchange rate.

#### (v) Interest rate risk

Borrowings with floating rates were exposed to interest rate risk. The Group entered into currency and interest rate swap contracts to hedge interest rate risk of a considerable portion of borrowings with floating rates. The Group measures its interest rate risk based on 100 basis points ("bp"), which reflects the management's assessment of reasonable level of interest rate risk.

(a) At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial liabilities is as follows:

1	(Unit:	In	thousands	of Korean	won)
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	(	
	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Debentures	₩170,000,000	₩277,140,000
Borrowings	595,614,242	333,663,308
	₩765,614,242	₩610,803,308

#### (b) Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

A change of 100 bp in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased (decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis was performed on the same basis for 2017.

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	December	December 31, 2018		December 31, 2017	
	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease	
Debentures and	(₩7,656,142)	₩7,656,142	(₩6,108,033)	₩6,108,033	
Borrowings	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,000,1.2	(,100,022)	0,100,022	

# (2) Fair values

# (i) Fair values versus carrying amounts

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the consolidated statements of financial position, are as follows:

	December 31, 2018		December 31, 2017	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Assets carried at fair value:				
Short-term financial assets	₩134,486,394	₩134,486,394	₩23,897,420	₩23,897,420
Profit or loss-Fair value measurement financial assets	2,387,228	2,387,228	-	-
Other comprehensive income-fair value measurement financial assets	26,480,662	26,480,662	-	-
AFS financial assets	-	-	23,131,909	23,131,909
Derivative instrument assets	65,161,316	65,161,316	30,852,491	30,852,491
	₩228,515,600	₩228,515,600	₩77,881,820	₩77,881,820
Assets carried at amortized cost:				
Loans and receivables	₩1,424,447,752	₩1,424,447,752	₩1,027,807,320	₩1,027,807,320
Cash and cash equivalents	264,522,916	264,522,916	160,865,887	160,865,887
	₩1,688,970,668	₩1,688,970,668	₩1,188,673,207	₩1,188,673,207
Liabilities carried at fair value:				
Derivative instrument liabilities	₩42,484,008	₩42,484,008	₩55,999,375	₩55,999,375
Liabilities carried at amortized cost:				
Debentures	₩11,434,961,435	₩11,434,961,435	₩11,274,388,770	₩11,274,388,770
Borrowings	594,288,128	594,288,128	450,412,237	450,412,237
Trade and other payables	357,725,869	357,725,869	348,867,779	348,867,779
	₩12,386,975,432	₩12,386,975,432	₩12,073,668,786	₩12,073,668,786

### (ii) Fair value hierarchy

The different levels have been defined as follows:

- ✓ Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- ✓ Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices)
- ✓ Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

The table below analyzes financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method, as of December 31, 2018:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

		,		,
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Short-term financial assets	₩134,486,394	₩-	₩-	₩134,486,394
Derivative financial assets	-	65,161,316	-	65,161,316
Profit or loss fair value measurement	_	<del>-</del>	2,387,228	2,387,228
Financial assets			, , , -	7 7
Other comprehensive income-fair value		_	26,480,662	26,480,662
measurement financial assets	_		20,.00,002	20,.00,002
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	-

### 41. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED COMPANIES:

(1) Details of related parties as of December 31, 2018, are as follows:

Control relationship	Related party		
Ultimate parent company	Korean government		
Associates	KWPP Holdings Co. and Angat Hydropower Co.		

- (2) Significant transactions that occurred in the normal course of business with related companies for 2018 and 2017, are summarized as follows:
- ① Payment guarantees providing to related parties as of December 31, 2018 do not exist.

2 Details of compensation for main executives are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

	2018	2017	
Short-term Employee salary	₩1,048,686	₩1,000,944	
Retirement benefit	4,866	9,945	
Total	₩1,053,552	₩1,010,889	

3 Assets pledged as collateral for related parties as of December 31, 2018, are as follows:
(Unit: In thousands of Korean won and USD, PHP)

Financial Institutions	Related party	Collateral assets	Carrying amount	Borrowings
BPI, KEB Hana Bank, MayBank, UCPB, PBB, ShinHanBank, BoC	Angat Hydro Power Co.	Shares of Angat Hydropower Co. 20,360,980 stocks KWPP Holdings Co., 50 stocks	₩100,845,106	РНР 9,909,311

- (\*1) Bank of the Philippine Islands ("BPI)
- (\*2) United Coconut Planters Bank ("UCPB")
- (\*3) Public Bank Berhad ("PBB")

### **42.** NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Significant non-cash investing and financing activities for the periods ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

	(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)	
	December 31, December 31,	
<u>-</u>	2018	2017
Reclassification of construction in progress to asset	₩259,245,569	₩344,147,366
Reclassification of intangible assets under development to asset	201,226,588	50,406,994
Transfer to current portion of long-term borrowing	46,446,021	102,918,456
Transfer to current portion of debentures	1,155,190,000	1,341,689,500

### 43. CONTINGENCIES:

### (1) Assets pledged as collateral for other parties

As of December 31, 2018, the Group has provided 36,114 shares (book value: \\$180,720 thousand) of P-waters Corporation as collateral to NH Bank for the borrowings of P-waters Corporation.

# (2) Litigations

There are 109 pending litigations as of December 31, 2018. The Group is a plaintiff and defendant in 19 and 90 litigations, respectively.

Details of pending litigations as a defendant as of December 31, 2018, are as follows:

(Unit: In thousands of Korean won)

Nature of litigation	Number of litigations	Amount of litigation	Note
Claims for construction costs	16	₩100,349,735	Demand for additional payment
Claims related to construction and management of dams	15	₩95,317,696	Damage claims and compensation for loss
Claims for Four River Restoration Project	4	₩27,899,606	Compensation for loss
Claims for Ara waterway	7	₩9,000,043	Compensation for loss, Solicitation money
Claims for EDC in Busan	13	₩1,522,717	Compensation for loss,Return unreasonable gain
Claims for GC in songsan	8	₩15,339,331	Compensation for loss
Claims fore Water Business	13	₩4,575,956	Compensation for loss, Repurchase
Other claims	14	₩101,959,684	Damage claims and others
	90	₩355,964,768	-

The amount of provision the Group recognized with respect to the lawsuits is \$34,330,845 thousand as of December 31, 2018.

#### (3) Major construction contracts

As of December 31, 2018, the Group has entered into various contracts totaling \\ \pm\16,933\) billion for the development of new cities and industrial complex sites and construction of water facilities, dams and others. In connection with these contracts, contractors have designated the Group as a beneficiary of performance guarantee insurance by Seoul Guarantee Insurance and Construction Guarantee and others amounting to 15% of total contract amount.

### (4) Credit line agreements

The Group has entered into loan agreements with KEB Hana Bank and four other Korean financial institutions. The available credit lines under these agreements amounted to \$W290,000\$ million as of December 31, 2018. The Group has not drawn any amount as of December 31, 2018.

### (5) Guarantees received

Details of guarantees received from the third parties of the Group as of December 31, 2018, are as follows:

		(Unit: In thousands of USD)
Guarantees from	Guarantee amount	Description
The Export Imment Deals of Venes	USD 24.800	Equity injection guarantee for Star Hydro
The Export-Import Bank of Korea	USD 24,800	Power Ltd.